

Record your important event with
MOVIE
16 mm — 8 mm
Make an appointment with
FRANCIS WU'S STUDIO
Gloucester, Arcades.

CHINA MAIL

ESTABLISHED FOR MORE THAN 100 YEARS

No. 34212.

HONG KONG, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1949.

Price: 20 Cents.

HOTEL ORDINANCE BILL BECOMES LAW

Royal Focal Point



Chinese are shown inside a temple yesterday to honour the Goddess of Mercy, Kwan Yam, on the occasion of "Hoi Foo," "China Mail" Photo.

Compensation Issue Between Survivors, Owners To Be Aired

The much-disputed compensation issue between survivors of the sunken ss. *Masbate* and the owners will be thrashed out today at the Portuguese Consulate here, with Dr. Eduardo Braga as arbitrator.

The survivors and dependents of the 25 persons reported missing will be represented by Mr. Au Yuen-kei, Secretary of the Chinese Seamen Union, and Jibshun Shipping Corporation will attend on behalf of the Hip Heng Company of Macao, owners of the ill-fated freighter.

At a meeting on Tuesday at the Union, the 21 survivors and the dependents of the missing persons who are believed dead, explained their "dire circumstances" through Mr. C. Y. Chan, Union Committee member.

Israeli-Egyptian Armistice To Be Signed Today

Rhodes, February 23. The Israeli-Egyptian armistice agreement will be signed at 10:30 a.m. tomorrow, it was announced today.

An Egyptian source said earlier today that Egypt has accepted the Israeli-Egyptian armistice agreement worked out by the Acting United Nations Mediator, Dr. Ralph W. Bunche.

Jewish quarters indicated previously that Dr. Bunche's latest terms were acceptable to Israel.

—United Press.

NAVY TO FIGHT PIRATES

London, February 23. Both Houses of Parliament have approved a bill to set up a Malayan navy to fight pirates in the South China Sea.

Mr. D. R. Rees-Williams, Parliamentary Under-Secretary for Colonies, said: "Singapore would have the main responsibility for the Malayan naval force."

He said the men would come largely from the Federation of Malaya, a British colony. Ships would include minelayers and possibly frigates.

Associated Press.

THE WEATHER

At 0600 GMT (2 p.m. HKST) from a depression centre SE of Tokyo a trough extends SW to N Formosa and thence W across S China and is moving very slowly. To the N, of this trough a ridge of high pressure extends from Japan to NW China.

Today's Forecast—Moderate ESE winds. Cloudy for a few at first, becoming fair, but for persistance on coast with a South Easterly exposure.

Yesterday's Weather—Maximum: 74.8 deg. F. Minimum: 68.6 deg. F. Rainfall: 0.00 inches.

Wind: 0.7 mm=0.04 inch. Total rain: Jan. 1-17.9 mm=0.64 inches; as against an average of 88.1 mm=3.75 inches.

Readings at 10 a.m. 101.1° 101.0° m.s. Bar. at msl. 101.1° 101.0° m.s. Temp. 68.6° 68.5° F. Relative humidity: 74% 74% F. Wind: Direction: N. Force: 11. Time: 11. 11 hours. Rain: 0.00. Total: 0.00. Wind: 0.7 mm=0.04 inch.

Wind: 0.7 mm=0.04 inch. Total rain: Jan. 1-17.9 mm=0.64 inches; as against an average of 88.1 mm=3.75 inches.

Readings at 10 a.m. 101.1° 101.0° m.s. Bar. at msl. 101.1° 101.0° m.s. Temp. 68.6° 68.5° F. Relative humidity: 74% 74% F. Wind: Direction: N. Force: 11. Time: 11. 11 hours. Rain: 0.00. Total: 0.00. Wind: 0.7 mm=0.04 inch.

Wind: 0.7 mm=0.04 inch. Total rain: Jan. 1-17.9 mm=0.64 inches; as against an average of 88.1 mm=3.75 inches.

ON OTHER PAGES

Page 2 Order For Eviction.

Page 3 Three Men Charged With Robbing Stolen Wolfram.

Page 6 Pandemonium Breaks Out In Paris Court.

Page 7 Vital Bye-Election.

Page 8 Engineering Page.

Page 9 Deliberate "Go-Glow" By Chinese Communists.

Page 10 American Arms Aid To West, Europe.

Unofficial Legislative Council Members Split-SIR M.K. LO OPPOSES

Unofficial Members of the Legislative Council were divided on the Hotels Ordinance Bill which passed the Second and Third Readings yesterday to become law.

The Honourable Sir Man-kam Lo opposed the passage of the Bill. He contended that the provisions of the Ordinance, which places rates for accommodation and service in hotels under control, go beyond the accepted principles of Price Control.

Replying to all the points in Sir M. K. Lo's speech, the Honourable Mr. T. N. Chau (who was chairman of the Hotel Rates Advisory Committee on whose recommendations Government has acted) concluded that exceptional measures must be taken to meet exceptional conditions for the good of the public. He pointed to Price and Rent Controls as examples.

The Honourable Mr. P. S. Cassidy said the Bill is fully justified. He added that it should be enacted irrespective of the petition being presented by hotel management to the Secretary of State for the Colonies.

"To my mind the petition is a misleading document and it will be a scandal if it is allowed to hold up the Ordinance," said Mr. Cassidy.

Voting against the Bill, Sir M. K. Lo said:

No Exploitation

"The general acceptance in this post-war world of the principle of price control, in cases in which it is applicable, is founded on the proposition that a few cannot be allowed unduly to enrich themselves at the expense of the community by taking an unfair advantage of a shortage in the community.

"In other words, there shall be no exploitation by the few of the many. Therefore, in prescribing a controlled price, the important question is what is the minimum price which would give the seller a reasonable return; not what a buyer can afford."

For it were not so, the result of Price Control might be, not that the price should be fair, but that the few should be compelled to subsidise the many, and to carry on their businesses as a sort of charitable institutions.

"The fact that full and detailed accounts of the hotels were called for and carefully scrutinised by the Committee, and that, on the other hand, the Committee did not regard it as their duty to examine into the financial positions of the Hotel residents affected, either individually or as a class, shows clearly that the considerations which I have ventured to bring to the notice of Honourable Members were fully in the minds of the members of this Committee.

"These men have lost their most important articles—the credentials—and it is very difficult for them to get another job.

"They have given to the owners their suggestions, which include paying \$500 and \$1,500, respectively, in addition to another \$750 for the Crew Department and \$780 for the Firemen Department for food lost.

"As regards these particular hotels, in which I have an interest, I understand that the relations between resident and transient accommodations now recommended substantially correspond in fact with the ratios between these two classes of business which have obtained for a long time, as a matter of voluntary co-operation between Government and the hotels concerned.

"For this reason, these hotels, as I understand, are not making any representations against this recommendation.

"But the question of principle, which is involved in the recommendation, towards which the present exceptional circumstances may incline Honourable Members to adopt an accommodating attitude, should not be ignored.

"Perhaps it would be more correct for me to say that the absence of any principle on which the recommendation is based should not be allowed to go unchallenged?

"The question of principle is this: under what circumstances is it Government justified in seeking legislative sanction for invading the rights of private property without compensation?

"I have no doubt that the rates recommended, to which effect is being given by the Regulations, and which were the main task of the Committee, will be readily accepted by this Council; even though this acceptance must involve the repudiation of the rates prescribed under emergency powers by the then Competent Authority at the end of July.

"There is, however, one recommendation in the report to which effect is being given by this Bill and from which I respectfully differ on a point of principle, namely, that which recommends that certain accommodation be reserved for residents in guest in each of the hotels dealt with that for the Peninsula and Inter-Island Bay hotels being 80 per cent and that for the Hong Kong Hotel and Gloucester Hotel being 40 per cent.

"On this important question, I confess I have not been able to obtain much guidance from the Report. The only observations contained in the Report which are relevant on this point are

out in paragraphs 11 (e) and (f) which are as follows:

"11 (e) These percentages have been arrived at from the Committee's knowledge that before the outbreak of hostilities in Hong Kong, the Peninsula and Inter-Island Bay hotels were in the main more residential than were the Hong Kong and Gloucester hotels.

"(f) We appreciate that this recommendation is contrary to the practice followed in the United Kingdom and other parts of the world and that it interferes with the normal course of the hotel industry. We consider, however, that the present exceptional circumstances justify our recommendations.

Disagrees

"If the implication of paragraph 11 (e) is that because a hotel is carried on before the war was mainly of a residential character, this fact is itself a justification for compelling it, even against its wishes, to continue this character for an undefined period of time, then, with the utmost respect for the Committee, I can only say I cannot follow the logic of such argument.

"Paragraph 11 (f), however, is clear and explicit. The Committee say that although their recommendation is that a certain proportion of accommodation be reserved exclusively for residents is contrary to the practice followed in the United Kingdom and other parts of the world and interferes with the normal course of the hotel industry, it is justified by the present exceptional circumstances.

"Now what are the exceptional circumstances? I know of one, the publication of a housing shortage.

"If the word 'exceptional' is meant to be descriptive of the nature and extent of the shortage in Hong Kong, of course, would agree.

"But I must point out acute housing shortages exist or have existed in the United Kingdom and other parts of the world, even in the land of plenty, the United States of America, and I am not aware of any hotel anywhere have been compelled to set aside accommodation for residents because of housing shortage.

"But I must point out acute housing shortages exist or have existed in the United Kingdom and other parts of the world, even in the land of plenty, the United States of America, and I am not aware of any hotel anywhere have been compelled to set aside accommodation for residents because of housing shortage.

"From Nanking Reuters reports that the Peking peace talks between the Communists and the Shanghai non-partisan delegates remained in doldrums today.

"Radio-telephone messages from Peiping said that Dr. W. W. Ye and Dr. Shao Li-Li-Li, who were to have travelled 100 miles South-West to the Communist centre of Shinkiang, were still in the city. The journey was reported yesterday to have been

there until the President of the Yuan flew South.

Bad Weather

Meanwhile, bad weather has replaced Dr. Sun's blood pressure as the official reason why neither the Premier nor his Deputy, General Wu Te-chen, can now come to Nanking.

In Canton, new economic and financial measures were approved by the Cabinet today and will be forwarded to the President for promulgation. The measures are believed to be far-reaching in scope, but details were not released, Reuters reports.

It was announced that the Cabinet had revised the original proposals by the Finance Minister, Mr. Hsu Kan, which Shanghai reports state had already received the President's approval.

Telephone consultations with Nanking occurred during the luncheon session of the six-hour Cabinet meeting. It was understood the original proposals included the introduction of a new metal currency and the legalisation of silver coins, as well as sweeping foreign trade control reform, all of which were aimed at stabilising the crisis. Reuters

It was announced that the Cabinet had revised the original proposals by the Finance Minister, Mr. Hsu Kan, which Shanghai reports state had already received the President's approval.

Telephone consultations with Nanking occurred during the luncheon session of the six-hour Cabinet meeting. It was understood the original proposals included the introduction of a new metal currency and the legalisation of silver coins, as well as sweeping foreign trade control reform, all of which were aimed at stabilising the crisis. Reuters

It was announced that the Cabinet had revised the original proposals by the Finance Minister, Mr. Hsu Kan, which Shanghai reports state had already received the President's approval.

Telephone consultations with Nanking occurred during the luncheon session of the six-hour Cabinet meeting. It was understood the original proposals included the introduction of a new metal currency and the legalisation of silver coins, as well as sweeping foreign trade control reform, all of which were aimed at stabilising the crisis. Reuters

It was announced that the Cabinet had revised the original proposals by the Finance Minister, Mr. Hsu Kan, which Shanghai reports state had already received the President's approval.

Telephone consultations with Nanking occurred during the luncheon session of the six-hour Cabinet meeting. It was understood the original proposals included the introduction of a new metal currency and the legalisation of silver coins, as well as sweeping foreign trade control reform, all of which were aimed at stabilising the crisis. Reuters

It was announced that the Cabinet had revised the original proposals by the Finance Minister, Mr. Hsu Kan, which Shanghai reports state had already received the President's approval.

Telephone consultations with Nanking occurred during the luncheon session of the six-hour Cabinet meeting. It was understood the original proposals included the introduction of a new metal currency and the legalisation of silver coins, as well as sweeping foreign trade control reform, all of which were aimed at stabilising the crisis. Reuters

All Kinds of
Portable
TYPEWRITERS
AT REASONABLE PRICE.

HONG KONG TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE
8, D'Aguilar St.
Tel. 21422

WJK

Women,
Children
Leaving

Rangoon, February 23.
Two Sunderland aircraft today evacuated about 70 British women and children from threatened Burma oilfields to Rangoon under a precautionary evacuation scheme, it was officially learned today.

Some of the families went on to Singapore with the flying boats when they returned to their base. Some of them might possibly go to England according to an oil company spokesman, who said yesterday that the oilfield workers would remain at their posts until further orders.

The oilfields concerned are the Chauk and Yenangyaung in Central Burma, the British Embassy announced. An Embassy spokesman here said he saw no necessity for a general evacuation of Burma by British personnel.

A Government spokesman said today that he was unable to confirm a press report that Karen rebels yesterday occupied Maymyo, a hill station 40 miles North of Mandalay. The report said the rebels had released Karen Army officers, disarmed earlier and informed by the Government forces.

A British Embassy spokesman said today that no news had been received from Mr. A. T. Oldham, British Consul at Maymyo. The Embassy was trying to contact the consul. He added that more than two thousand Karen rebels were still holding Melkite, Central Burma, town occupied by them on Sunday, according to a press report.

The report said the rebels were commanded by a Karen colonel of the former Wingate "Phantom Army." The Karens, the report said, had seized five trains from Toungoo headed for Thazi, about 150 miles further North, on the Rangoon-Mandalay railway, and were using one train as an ambulance.

Fighting was still going on between Government forces and Karens 20 miles North of Melkite, it was officially stated.

Living Buddha In HK On Way To America

A Living Buddha from Mongolia has arrived in Hong Kong.

He is on his way to the United States for post-graduate studies at the John Hopkins Hospital.

The scholarship is sponsored by the State Department of the United States.

The Living Buddha has travelled extensively in Mongolia, Tibet and India.

He will meet the Press at the American Consulate-General at 9:45 a.m. today.

Anywhere, Anytime You Trust Its Quality

Still Optimistic

Local newspaper reports said, however, that Dr. Shao Li-Li-Li, whom they described as the "Grand Old Man of Peace," had sent a message to President Li Tsung-je, saying that he was still optimistic and hopeful about reaching peace with the Communists.

The split in the Nationalist Government over the Sun Fo Cabinet's evacuation to Canton meanwhile threatened to widen today, although China's Legislative Yuan seemed assured of a quorum for its next meeting in Nanking.

Local reports said that more than 50 legislators have registered in the capital for the Yuan meeting, which is expected to censure the Premier and perhaps replace him.

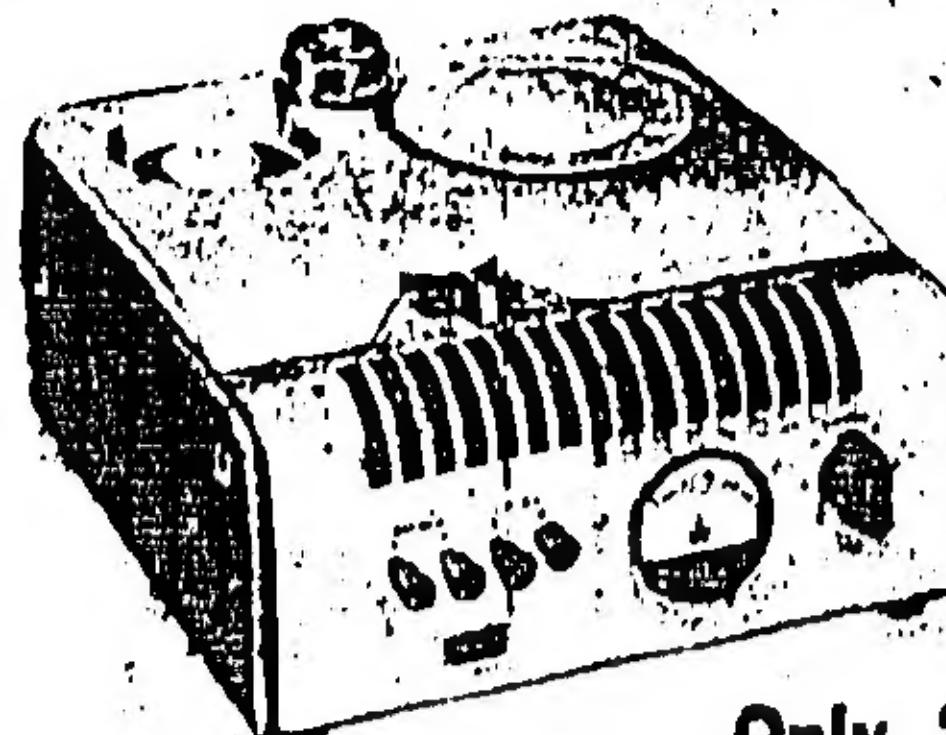
Another 20 are arriving today from Hongkow and 60 are coming by plane and train from Shanghai.

The total of 160 exceeds the required quorum of 150.

News of an assured quorum contrasted with a report from Canton that the legislators there had sent to the President of the Yuan, Dr. Tuan Ewan-hui, a telegram complaining that he had not fulfilled his promises and that the Vice-Chairman and Assistant Chairman of the Yuan have decided to stay in Canton to set up a liaison in the Legislative Yuan.

Authorized Bottlers HONG KONG BOTTLES Federal Inc. USA</p

WEBSTER CHICAGO

MODEL 78
WIRE RECORDER

Only \$585.00

INSTALLATION INCLUDED

**The Wire Recorder for
Every Home**PUSH BUTTON
CONTROL
Volume Meter For
Accurate RecordingRECORDS FROM RADIO OR FROM MICROPHONE
SAVING IN PURCHASE OF
GRAMOPHONE RECORDS.

DROP IN FOR A DEMONSTRATION.

Now obtainable at all leading Radio Stores.

Sole Agents:

SCIENTIFIC SERVICE COMPANY

106, National Bank Bldg., 8 Ice House St.

Tel. 27420.

SINCERE'S**DEPT. STORE**

Presenting . . .

**STUART
CRYSTAL**THE PUREST AND MOST
BRILLIANT GLASS OF THE
PRESENT DAY

FOR THOSE WHO LOVE BEAUTI-

FUL THINGS AND LIKE TO

COLLECT A SUITE OF
FINEST CRYSTAL
FOR THEIR
TABLE**THE SINCERE CO., LTD.****OH FOR
A
CARLSBERG!**

Order For Eviction Made By Tenancy Tribunal

Hearing In Tenancy Case Adjourned

Hearing was adjourned until Monday at the Tenancy Tribunal of the tenancy dispute in connection with the premises at the ground floor of 67 Des Voeux Road Central.

The applicants in the case, Anderson Meyer and Company, of David Ho, who are represented by Mr. D. B. Evans, are applying for an eviction order against the present tenants of the premises, the Apollo Book Company.

The applicants allege that they were the pre-war tenants, and are still tenants, of the premises of which the landlord was S. J. David and Company, Limited.

It was alleged that in October 1939, A. J. Kay of the applicants, leased the premises to Chan Yip-shay, trading as the Apollo Book Company, on a monthly basis on the understanding that the opponents would give up possession when the premises were required by the applicants.

Subsequently to March 2, 1940,

Chan took in a partner, and on August 31, 1940, without applican-

ts knowledge or consent, Chan was alleged to have sold and transacted the whole of the business to that partner.

According to Mr. Evans at a previous hearing, the whole issue was whether or not Chan had parted with the premises.

Certain grounds of opposition have been avoided by substituting some names and changing certain dates.

Mr. V. J. L. D'Alton is sitting as Tenancy Magistrate.

Money Market

Gold was steady yesterday, opening at HK\$2303 a tael and closing at \$302.37½. In the interval, it was down to \$301.

US dollars were stationary at HK\$5.12½.

Gold Yuan was lower. It was quoted at 2775 and 2875 of a cent for Hong Kong delivery; at 24 and 2420 of a cent for Canton remittances; and at 2275 and 215 of a cent for Shanghai remittances.

Plastics dropped to HK\$7.74½ a 100 after opening at \$9.10.

Ticals were unchanged at HK\$24.60 a 100.

NEI Gulders opened at HK\$51.20 a 100 and closed at 10 cents lower.

Sterling was unchanged at HK\$15.20. Australians pounds rose to HK\$12.70.

TEACHERS' BODY GENERAL MEETING

At the Annual General Meeting of the Hong Kong Teachers' Association held yesterday at St. Joseph's College, presided over the Rev. by Father K. W. Galligan, S.J., Mr. Lin Hoy-lop was elected President of the Association.

Certain amendments were made in the Constitution of the Association and one of those concerning annual subscription fees.

The amended subscription will be \$12 for a Full Member, an Associate Member to pay \$10 and a Student Member to pay five dollars a year.

CORRECTION

With reference to yesterday's report of the Peter Brundt case, the trial magistrate has requested the following point be cleared up:

The only reason the names of Mr. Abbott and Father Maclean were mentioned in the statutory form of application to the court for the detention of Brundt was that, from information, it was felt that they were in the best position to confirm whether or not Brundt had any relatives in the Colony.

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

The present Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, said Mr. Vine,

make it extremely difficult for

landlords of "office premises" to

bring up premises are very small

The inclusion of office premises in the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance operates unfairly against landlords and makes it extremely difficult for landlords of office premises to bring applications for eviction of tenants who break conditions in a lease which prevented sub-letting.

In England, office premises are exempted under the Rent Restriction Clause and a landlord is permitted to exercise his common law rights to expel tenants who break conditions in their lease.

These submissions were made by Mr. P. A. L. Vine of Messrs. Deacons at the Supreme Court yesterday, when he represented the Hong Kong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd., in an application for the eviction of the occupants of Rooms 404-405 Chung Tin Building.

The application was heard before Mr. Charles Losby, sitting as Chairman of Tenancy Tribunal.

The Overseas Chinese Enterprise Company, first opponents, were claimed to have illegally sub-let office space to the Universal Export and Import Trading Co., second opponents, the Chung Wa Tong, third opponents and Wa Hong, fourth opponents, the China Textile Engineering Corporation, fourth opponents.

The first opponents were not present at the hearing; the second, third and fourth opponents were not legally represented.

Mr. Vine said that applicants are landlords of Chung Tin Building and the application has been brought in respect of Room 404 and 405, of which the first opponents are tenants under a written agreement.

The second, third and fourth opponents are or have been in occupation of parts of the rooms denoted to the first opponents to no written consent to any sub-lease or any license to occupy the rooms has been granted by the applicants.

The moment the applicants found out that these persons were there, rent was refused and after inquiries had been made, the present application was filed. The question of any waiver of right to bring the present proceedings by acceptance of rent did not therefore arise.

On February 1, 1940, the first opponents were granted a tendency of the whole floor of Chung Tin Building at the pre-war rental of HK\$5.12½.

Plastics dropped to HK\$7.74½ a 100 after opening at \$9.10.

Ticals were unchanged at HK\$24.60 a 100.

NEI Gulders opened at HK\$51.20 a 100 and closed at 10 cents lower.

Sterling was unchanged at HK\$15.20. Australians pounds rose to HK\$12.70.

Counsel May Plead For Accused

The contention is that counsel is entitled to plead on behalf of the accused and that the previous practice was correct was raised by Mr. Marcus da Silva at Mr. A. D. Scholes' Court at Kowloon yesterday.

Mr. Scholes had previously insisted on taking the plea from the accused personally regardless of counsel's plea on behalf of the accused.

"I appreciate that you are the purist in form in respect of procedure, but the previous practice of accepting the plea of counsel was correct," said Mr. da Silva.

"Mr. da Silva went on to quote Section 11, Sub-section 2 of the Magistrates' Ordinance, which reads: 'the party against whom such complaint is made or information laid shall be admitted to make his full answer and defence thereto, and to have the witnesses examined and cross-examined by counsel on his behalf.' The same is in the Summary Jurisdiction Act, 1884.

"It does appear in order," Mr. Scholes granted.

Judgment Reserved

Judgment was reserved by Sir Leslie Gibson (Chief Justice) at the Supreme Court yesterday on the claim arising from an estate of paddy fields left 250 years ago in the New Territories after further legal submissions had been given by both sides.

The plaintiff, Mrs. Choy-hong, who is represented by Mr. B. A. Bernacchi, made claim for a declaration that she will be entitled to a share of 100 pence of rich and poor land.

The defendant, Mr. F. X. Alfonso, claimed that the defendants give her the share for 1949 and 1950.

She also made claim for an injunction to restrain the defendants from disposing of the estate.

The defendants in the case, Tang Shing-yip, Tang Ping-chuen and Kan-shu, are all represented by Mr. H. G. Sheldon, K.C.

The plaintiff and the defendant live at the Hoi Mei Village in the Yau-tai Shui District, New Territories.

Pleading guilty to a charge of attempted suicide by taking poison, Jap Herman Van Gelder, aged 21, Bank Official, residing at No. 50 Macdonnell Road, was yesterday bound over by Mr. F. X. Alfonso at Central by the sum of \$200 for 12 months.

The present Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, said Mr. Vine,

make it extremely difficult for

landlords of "office premises" to

bring up premises are very small

and will be liable to pay a fine of \$100.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

Ultimately, it was discovered that the second, third and fourth opponents were all in occupation of the premises. No consent of any kind had been obtained.

The present Landlord and Tenant Ordinance, said Mr. Vine,

make it extremely difficult for

landlords of "office premises" to

bring up premises are very small

and will be liable to pay a fine of \$100.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

The trial magistrate has requested

the following point be cleared up:

These names were mentioned for no other reason, and this was made clear in Court at the time.

PANDEMONIUM BREAKS OUT IN PARIS COURT

President Replies To Critics

Washington, February 23. President Truman said last night, "If any s.o.b. thinks he can get me to discharge any member of my staff or Cabinet by some smart aleck statement over the air, he's mistaken."

In the sharpest language he has ever used in public, the President vigorously defended Major General Harry H. Vaughan, his military aide, at a dinner honouring General Vaughan.

General Vaughan had been urged by Drew Pearson, radio commentator and columnist, because he recently accepted a donation from President Peron of Argentina.

Mr. Truman spoke at the Army-Navy Country Club at Arlington, Virginia, at a banquet given by the Reserve Officers' Association in General Vaughan's honour.

Earlier speakers had mentioned Pearson's criticism of General Vaughan.

Following up his defence of General Vaughan at his last news conference, Mr. Truman said that no polister or anyone else is going to influence his selection of his Cabinet or members of his staff. He alone would do any changing of his administration.

Attacks on General Vaughan actually were aimed at him as President, he said.—Associated Press.

Baron Vanishes IN Vienna

Vienna, February 22. The Austrian Press Agency reported from Linz today that Baron Eugen Pott, a former agent for Warner Brothers (American) Films and the Du Pont American Arms firm in Zagreb, disappeared on February 17 after getting into a luxurious car belong to the Yugoslav Legation.

The agency said that Baron Pott, who was also a former general agent in Zagreb for the Austrian Styro Works, was seen entering the car, which carried the diplomatic emblem of the Yugoslav Republic, near the railway station—since when he had disappeared without trace.

Two men, driving in the same car, had called previously at the Baron's home and had been told his whereabouts by his wife, the agency said.—Reuter.

STAR Phone 5835
17 Hankow Road, Kowloon
TODAY ONLY 2.30, 5.10, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

Golden Earrings
RAY MILLAND MARLENE DIETRICH
Directed by RICHARD BROOKES
Produced by SAMSON RAYNER
Written by ROBERT LEESON
Music by ERNST REINHOLD

TOMORROW
"THE LAST DAYS of POMPEII"
Starring Preston Foster, Randolph Scott, Alan Hale

SHOWING **Cathay** AT 2.30, 5.20, 7.30 & 9.30 P.M.

IT LIVES... BUT IT'S A CORPSE! IT CRAWLS... LIKE A SPIDER! IT KILLS... LIKE A COBRA!

THE BEAST WITH FIVE FINGERS
WARNER'S Supernatural Super-Hit!
ROBERT ALDA KING LOEFFLER PETE
Directed by RICHARD BROOKES
Produced by SAMSON RAYNER
Written by ROBERT LEESON

NEXT CHANGE **CASBAH**

White-haired Nikola Antonov, one of three witnesses in the Kravchenko libel case wanted by Moscow for "war crimes," told the crowded court today that he was Stalin's prisoner for nine years and was once beaten insensible by the Russian secret police.

The witness described Victor Kravchenko, author of the anti-Soviet best seller "I Chose Freedom" as a man of "high character."

Today's session opened with an accusation by Kravchenko's counsel that the Kremlin and its Paris Embassy are deliberately interfering with the case by demanding that France hand over three witnesses for trial as war criminals.

The presiding Judge, M. Henri Durkheim, said the Soviet request, handed in last night, is beyond the court's competence, Kravchenko himself, who has been ill, was in court again today.

A heated argument between the Judge and lawyers for both sides ended when Antonov entered the witness box. During his years in Soviet concentration camps, he had been forcibly fed, kept for six days in a small unheated cell unable to move and then put under a powerful light during questioning, he stated.

Another time he was subjected to the "monkey" treatment, nine men fired questions at him one after the other, some serious and some silly. He had to answer right away.

Million Prisoners

When he said that a 1,000,000 prisoners were held in one group of concentration camps, Judge Durkheim asked him through an interpreter to confirm that this was what he meant.

Kravchenko's lawyer said he would produce special currency notes used in Soviet concentration camps to show the size of the prison system.

Antonov said he had been sentenced to 15 years but had benefited from an amnesty. He had been arrested three times and spent nine years in Soviet concentration camps.

Witness said that one series of camps of the Baltic-White Sea canal construction team held a 1,000,000 prisoners. He denied accusations made against him in the Soviet note. He said he came to Paris from the French occupation Zone of Germany, where his case had been examined by three Commissions, one of which included Russian officers.

He had been recognised as a genuine displaced person, he added.

Slanging Match

Pandemonium broke out in the court a few minutes later and Kravchenko and M. Andre Wurmsler, one of the defendants, almost came to blows about questions put to Antonov.

Gendarmes barred the gangway between the two men who shouted insults at each other in French and Russian. Kravchenko shouted that he wanted to get from the French authorities in Germany all the documents concerning Antonov and "stop this comedy by these provocateurs."

This started a slanging match between Wurmsler and Kravchenko, while Judge Durkheim banged on his desk and shouted for order.

Pandemonium broke out again when Maitre Izard announced that the plaintiff would get all the documents about Antonov from the French Zone and put them before the court.

Meanwhile, the next witness, Lydia Antonova, a middle-aged woman in a black dress, was

standing quietly at the witness bar waiting to be sworn in.

Madame Antonova described the experience of her arrest in the Soviet Union.

M. Andre Vasilkov, the next witness, came into court on crutches, holding a stick which

had produced 600 atomic bombs. An atomic bomb has been lost in the United States.—United Press.

The court adjourned until tomorrow.—Reuter.

Britain Rejects Berlin Report

London, February 22. Britain regards the report of the Security Council "Neutrals Committee" on the Berlin currency deadlock as unacceptable as a basis for discussion between the four great powers, a Foreign Office spokesman said today.

"A country of Socialism cannot by definition practice the policy of aggression and war which is the deed of imperialist powers. We take our stand on facts and not on hypotheses."

"The present facts are: active co-operation of the French Government in the aggressive policy of the Anglo-Saxon Imperialists, the presence of a foreign general staff at Fontainebleau, the transformation of our country and French overseas territories into bases of aggression against the USSR and countries of popular democracy."

The Central Committee session was held in secret and Thorez' statement was released in the form of a communiqué—by the Communist Party. No further details of the meeting were disclosed.—United Press.

It is important to recall certain developments which had taken place in Berlin since the appointment of the "Neutrals Committee," the spokesman said. On the very day after his appointment, the Soviet authorities set up a "puppet Magistrat in Berlin," he declared.

During the Committee's discussions, further measures had been taken by the Soviet authorities to complete the split between the Soviet and Western sectors of the city. Thus, the spokesman said, the "Neutrals

Committee" was working on a statement in the Soviet newspaper "Pravda" that Russia had accepted the Committee's report as a basis, while the Western powers had rejected it. The contents of the Committee's report have not yet been published, nor have the four powers' replies to the "Neutrals Committee."

The report is now in the hands of the Security Council, which has to decide on the next step.

The spokesman said that if nobody places the report on the agenda of the Security Council, it might then be allowed to lapse.

It is important to recall certain developments which had taken place in Berlin since the appointment of the "Neutrals Committee," the spokesman said.

On the very day after his appointment, the Soviet authorities set up a "puppet Magistrat in Berlin," he declared.

During the Committee's discussions, further measures had been taken by the Soviet authorities to complete the split between the Soviet and Western sectors of the city. Thus, the spokesman said, the "Neutrals

Committee" was working on a statement in the Soviet newspaper "Pravda" that Russia had accepted the Committee's report as a basis, while the Western powers had rejected it. The contents of the Committee's report have not yet been published, nor have the four powers' replies to the "Neutrals Committee."

The report is now in the hands of the Security Council, which has to decide on the next step.

The spokesman said that if nobody places the report on the agenda of the Security Council, it might then be allowed to lapse.

It is important to recall certain developments which had taken place in Berlin since the appointment of the "Neutrals Committee," the spokesman said.

On the very day after his appointment, the Soviet authorities set up a "puppet Magistrat in Berlin," he declared.

During the Committee's discussions, further measures had been taken by the Soviet authorities to complete the split between the Soviet and Western sectors of the city. Thus, the spokesman said, the "Neutrals

Committee" was working on a statement in the Soviet newspaper "Pravda" that Russia had accepted the Committee's report as a basis, while the Western powers had rejected it. The contents of the Committee's report have not yet been published, nor have the four powers' replies to the "Neutrals Committee."

The report is now in the hands of the Security Council, which has to decide on the next step.

The spokesman said that if nobody places the report on the agenda of the Security Council, it might then be allowed to lapse.

It is important to recall certain developments which had taken place in Berlin since the appointment of the "Neutrals Committee," the spokesman said.

On the very day after his appointment, the Soviet authorities set up a "puppet Magistrat in Berlin," he declared.

During the Committee's discussions, further measures had been taken by the Soviet authorities to complete the split between the Soviet and Western sectors of the city. Thus, the spokesman said, the "Neutrals

Committee" was working on a statement in the Soviet newspaper "Pravda" that Russia had accepted the Committee's report as a basis, while the Western powers had rejected it. The contents of the Committee's report have not yet been published, nor have the four powers' replies to the "Neutrals Committee."

The report is now in the hands of the Security Council, which has to decide on the next step.

The spokesman said that if nobody places the report on the agenda of the Security Council, it might then be allowed to lapse.

THE CHINA MAIL, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1944

A-Bombs In U.S. Possession

Munich, February 23. One of five men on trial here on charges of spying on the American occupation Army—carried a document reporting that the United States had made 600 atomic bombs but lost one of them, a German policeman testified today.

The policeman told a United States Military Commission that he found a document among papers which the Polish defendant, Teodor Szendzielorz, was carrying in a woman's handbag.

The report on the atom bomb said in part: "American units in Western Germany have a different countenance since the Berlin situation. The United States

has produced 600 atomic bombs. An atomic bomb has been lost in the United States."—United Press.

He said he made it in reply to questions asked by "enemies of the people, seeking to embarrass us."

He said: "Since the question has been put to us, let us reply

briefly. If the common efforts of all liberty-loving and peace-loving French do not succeed in bringing our country into the camp of democracy and peace, if as a result our people are dragged against its will into an anti-Soviet war and it in these conditions the Soviet Army, defending the people's cause and the cause of Socialism, was led to drive out aggressors from our soil, could the workers and the people of France have different toward the Soviet Army than the workers and people of Poland, Rumania, Yugoslavia and so forth?"

Thorez said the Soviet Union never would nor could be found in the position of an aggressor against any other country.

"The Facts"

"A country of Socialism cannot by definition practice the policy of aggression and war which is the deed of imperialist powers. We take our stand on facts and not on hypotheses."

"The present facts are: active co-operation of the French Government in the aggressive policy of the Anglo-Saxon Imperialists, the presence of a foreign general staff at Fontainebleau, the transformation of our country and French overseas territories into bases of aggression against the USSR and countries of popular democracy."

The Central Committee session was held in secret and Thorez' statement was released in the form of a communiqué—by the Communist Party. No further details of the meeting were disclosed.—United Press.

It is important to recall certain developments which had taken place in Berlin since the appointment of the "Neutrals Committee," the spokesman said.

On the very day after his appointment, the Soviet authorities set up a "puppet Magistrat in Berlin," he declared.

During the Committee's discussions, further measures had been taken by the Soviet authorities to complete the split between the Soviet and Western sectors of the city. Thus, the spokesman said, the "Neutrals

Committee" was working on a statement in the Soviet newspaper "Pravda" that Russia had accepted the Committee's report as a basis, while the Western powers had rejected it. The contents of the Committee's report have not yet been published, nor have the four powers' replies to the "Neutrals Committee."

The report is now in the hands of the Security Council, which has to decide on the next step.

The spokesman said that if nobody places the report on the agenda of the Security Council, it might then be allowed to lapse.

It is important to recall certain developments which had taken place in Berlin since the appointment of the "Neutrals Committee," the spokesman said.

On the very day after his appointment, the Soviet authorities set up a "puppet Magistrat in Berlin," he declared.

During the Committee's discussions, further measures had been taken by the Soviet authorities to complete the split between the Soviet and Western sectors of the city. Thus, the spokesman said, the "Neutrals

Committee" was working on a statement in the Soviet newspaper "Pravda" that Russia had accepted the Committee's report as a basis, while the Western powers had rejected it. The contents of the Committee's report have not yet been published, nor have the four powers' replies to the "Neutrals Committee."

The report is now in the hands of the Security Council, which has to decide on the next step.

The spokesman said that if nobody places the report on the agenda of the Security Council, it might then be allowed to lapse.

It is important to recall certain developments which had taken place in Berlin since the appointment of the "Neutrals Committee," the spokesman said.

On the very day after his appointment, the Soviet authorities set up a "puppet Magistrat in Berlin," he declared.

During the Committee's discussions, further measures had been taken by the Soviet authorities to complete the split between the Soviet and Western sectors of the city. Thus, the spokesman said, the "Neutrals

Committee" was working on a statement in the Soviet newspaper "Pravda" that Russia had accepted the Committee's report as a basis, while the Western powers had rejected it. The contents of the Committee's report have not yet been published, nor have the four powers' replies to the "Neutrals Committee."

The report is now in the hands of the Security Council, which has to decide on the next step.

The spokesman said that if nobody places the report on the agenda of the Security Council, it might then be allowed to lapse.

It is important to recall certain developments which had taken place in Berlin since the appointment of the "Neutrals Committee," the spokesman said.

On the very day after his appointment, the Soviet authorities set up a "puppet Magistrat in Berlin," he declared.

During the Committee's discussions, further measures had been taken by the Soviet authorities to complete the split between the Soviet and Western sectors of the city. Thus, the spokesman said, the "Neutrals

Committee" was working on a statement in the Soviet newspaper "Pravda" that Russia had accepted the Committee's report as a basis, while the Western powers had rejected it. The contents of the Committee's report have not yet been published, nor have the four powers' replies to the "Neutrals Committee."

The report is now in the hands of the Security Council, which has to decide on the next step.

The spokesman said that if nobody places the report on the agenda of the Security Council, it might then be allowed to lapse.

It is important to recall certain developments which had taken place in Berlin since the appointment of the "Neutrals Committee," the spokesman said.

On the very day after his appointment, the Soviet authorities set up a "puppet Magistrat in Berlin," he declared.

During the Committee's discussions, further measures had been taken by the Soviet authorities to complete the split between the Soviet and Western sectors of the city. Thus, the spokesman said, the "Neutrals

Committee" was working on a statement in the Soviet newspaper "Pravda" that Russia had accepted the Committee's report as a basis, while the Western powers had rejected it. The contents of the Committee's report have not yet been published, nor have the four powers' replies to the "Neutrals Committee."

The report is now in the hands of the Security Council, which has to decide on the next step.

WINSTON CHURCHILL'S WAR MEMOIRS: THE SECOND BOOK

THEIR FINEST HOUR

French Encouraged To Fight On
By Winston Churchill



If crime doesn't pay, it doesn't matter. Few things to these days.

The Helene May was treated to a lecture on "The Man in the Boat." Ah, these unfiring Glenn Miller fans...

Suggested anthem for the Western Union nations: "The Marshfield."

And if the Atlantic Pact were streamlined like the Marshall Plan, it might help to get over the windy resistance.

The Chinese Communists would soon cure Sun Fo's high blood pressure.

Murphy's grandfather says he keeps a parrot because he likes the way it talks. He suggests that the parrot is the only living creature gifted with the power of speech that is content to repeat just what it hears without trying to make a long story out of it.

The Dutch do not want a complete break with the U.N. just a separation.

Monks fined for opium smoking. Poppy-budists?

Swirled in the tide which sweeps all things away, Nations and actors but a few times, say...

The curtain falls...and there is no more play.

That's future! But a dream of yesterday!

Popular feeling with regard to the hotels never have so many owned so much to so few.

Doct's mystery was on pretty Rafferty lines anyway.

Good time girls are having a bad time in Lancashire. Yet we are told that miscreation is the hope of the world.

NEW POSSESSION FOR BRITAIN

Aden, February 22.

The British administration of the Aden Protectorate today issued a notice declaring the Kamaran Islands, on the coast of the Yemen, a British possession. For many years the Islands have been under British civil rule, but their sovereignty has repeatedly been contested by Britain and the Yemen. British quarters said the Yemen relinquished her claim to the Islands together with her claim to Aden Protectorate, following the Anglo-Yemenite treaty of 1834. (United Press)

wards of 3,000 men perished. The rest were rescued under continued air attack by the devotion of the small craft.

When this news came to me in the quiet Cabinet Room during the afternoon I forbade its publication, saying, "The newspapers have got quite enough disaster for to-day at least." I had intended to release the news a few days later, but events crowded upon us so black and so quickly that I forgot to lift the ban, and it was some years before the knowledge of this horror became public.

World Copyright reserved. Reproduction, even partially, in any language, strictly prohibited. Exclusive rights in Hong Kong by "China Mail".

(To be Continued Tomorrow)

Both Mr. Churchill and M. Reynaud attached great importance to the message (recorded in the last article) which the latter had received from President Roosevelt on June 13, 1940, encouraging the French to continue the fight. Mr. Churchill had appealed to the President to allow the immediate publication of this message, saying: "It will, I am sure, decide the French to deny Hitler a patched-up peace with France."

THE next day arrived a telegram from the President explaining that he could not agree to the publication of his message to Reynaud. He himself, according to Mr. Kennedy, had wished to do so, but the State Department, while in full sympathy with him, saw the gravest dangers. The President thanked me for my account of the meeting at Tours and complimented the British and French Governments on the courage of their troops. He renewed the assurances about furnishing all possible material and supplies; but he then said he had told Ambassador Kennedy to inform me that his message of the 14th was in no sense intended to commit and did not commit the Government of the United States to military participation.

There was no authority under the American Constitution except Congress which could make any commitment of that nature. He bore particularly in mind the question of the French Fleet.

Congress, at this desire, had appropriated 500 dollars for the purpose of supplying food and clothing to civilian refugees in France. Finally he assured me that he appreciated the significance and weight of what I had not forth in my message.

Abuse Of Authority

There was a disappointing telegram: "Around our table we all fully understood tho' risks the President ran of being charged with exceeding his constitutional authority, and consequently of being defeated on this issue at the approaching election on which our fate, and much more, depended. I was convinced that he would give up like itself, to say nothing of public office, for the cause of world freedom, now in such awful peril. But what would have been the good of that?"

In my reply, I tried to arm the President with some arguments which he could use to others about the danger to the United States if Europe fell and Britain failed. This was no matter of sentiment, but of life and death.

Former Naval Person to President Roosevelt, 14-15-16-17-18-19.

I am grateful that in your telegram did I have reported its operative message to Reynaud, to whom I had imparted a rather more sanguine view. He will, I am sure, be disappointed at not publicising it, but it represents all your difficulties with American public opinion and Congress, but events are moving downward at a pace where they will pass beyond the control of American public opinion when at just it is ripened.

Have you considered what offers Hitler may choose to make to France? He may say, "Surrender the Fleet intact and I will leave you Alsace-Lorraine, or alternatively: 'If you do not give me your ships, I will destroy your towns.' I am per-

used to make him write or state whatever his persecutors desire? That seems to be almost the only explanation of these fantastic 'confessions' before the 'People's Tribunal' in countries behind the Iron Curtain.

In almost all these trials, prominent American or British diplomats have been mentioned as co-conspirators in fantastic plots to overthrow the Governments, or foster espionage, black-marketing and treason.

It should be possible for the American and British Governments, in each case where unbound charges have been used for propaganda purposes against their diplomats, to establish Commission of Inquiry with power to take evidence under oath and by the use of all available devices, complete with scientific methods. If nothing else can be done to save the victims of the Budapest and Berlin trials, let the full truth be told. The allegation that American and British psychiatrists have used hypnotic drugs which completely break down the victim's will-power, and can be

done in the Brittany peninsula, to be held jointly by the French and British troops on a line running roughly North and South through Rennes. He ordered him to deploy his forces on a defensive line running very quickly, and certainly long before the United States would be able to prepare against it. If we do down, you may have a United States of Europe under the Nazi command for better armed than the New World.

I know well, Mr. President, that your eye will already have searched these depths, but I feel I have the right to place on record the vital manner in which American interests are at stake in our battle and that of France.

I am sending you through Ambassador Kennedy a paper on "Destroyer Fleet prepared by the Naval Staff for your information. If we have to keep as we shall, the bulk of our destroyers on the East Coast to guard against invasion, how shall we be able to cope with a German-Italian attack on the food and trade by which we live? The sending of the 85 destroyers as I have already described will bridge the gap until

it is

done.

It is true that on June 11 at Brest and the Western ports the evictions were numerous. The German air attack on the transports was heavy. One fightful incident occurred on the 11th at St. Nazaire. The 20,000-ton liner "Lancaster", with 6,000 men on board, was bombed and set on fire just as she was about to leave. A mass of flaming oil spread over the water round the ship, and up

the

water.

If the battle in France was to

be

done.

It is

done.</p

VITAL BYE-ELECTION

South Hammersmith Polling

Japanese Textile Problem

London, February 23. The "Financial Times" declared in an editorial today that the British Government should use all its strength to press for an equitable solution of the Japanese textile problem. Commenting on the review on the Lancashire cotton industry published by Sir Raymond Street, Chairman of the Cotton Board, who recently returned from conferences with United States textile manufacturers, the "Financial Times" urged for Anglo-American co-operation in meeting the menace of Japanese competition.

"American business sense and British Government and industrial experience should be approached to induce the powers in Tokyo to realise the danger of making textiles the sole prop of a revived Japan," said the editorial.

Rice Wages

It added that both the British and American Ministers of Foreign Affairs should understand that policies cannot survive successfully merely on political expediency.

The editorial concluded: "Pre-occupation with the blind wall of foreign frontiers will sooner or later bring hard blows on the economic heads of those concerned."

In the review, Sir Raymond made no mention of his conferences with American textile manufacturers. He observed, however, that "our future is bound up with action by the United States concerning its policies in Japan, who cannot again be allowed to flood the world with cheap goods produced at the low cost of rice standard wages."

—United Press.

London Hints Of Pacific Pact

London, February 22. An early announcement on the date and place of the proposed conference of Commonwealth Foreign Ministers is expected by Parliamentary quarters.

The Commonwealth countries have been exchanging views on the possibility of holding such a conference in Ceylon in May.

The scope of the projected conference will include general subjects of interest to the member nations, but the problems of South East Asia and the Pacific Dominions — political, social, economic and defensive — will rank high in the agenda.

Some Parliamentary quarters expect that some Pacific counterpart of the Atlantic Pact will be considered.

Anti-Tito Plot Failed

Belgrade, February 22. An armed revolt against the Tito regime was planned for last September, according to newspaper accounts today of a trial which opened yesterday before the Belgrade district court.

Standing trial are 10 persons, one a woman, alleged to be members of the National Committee of Yugoslavia, which is stated to have begun last May trying to collect arms and material and secure the help of a foreign power.

Two of the accused, Milos Kravcovic and Mirko Hrdina, are stated to have sent a map to a "foreign embassy" with a request that arms should be dropped at marked points. They are reported to have associated with the Chetniks, followers of General Draza Mihailovic, who was executed for treason in July 1946.

The "armed rebellion" against the regime was to have started at Kladovo, a town on the Danube close to the "iron Gates."

SOCIALISTS ALL OUT FOR VICTORY

London, February 22. The Labour Party today threw an assault force of all 50 Socialist bye-election victors since 1945 into the final fierce stages of the key Parliamentary contest at South Hammersmith, London.

Polling takes place on Thursday. A tempestuous eve-of-the-poll clash is expected tomorrow when the Conservative Opposition leader, Mr. Winston Churchill, will lead his party's attack on this Government seat in a seven-mile tour of the constituency.

The Government won Hammersmith at the 1945 general election with the small majority of 3,458. A Conservative win would be the first Government loss of a seat won or held in 1945.

Both sides attach great significance to the contest in this semi-industrial, part-residential West London Borough.

A Conservative victory would greatly stimulate Mr. Churchill's followers, depressed after Labour's recent substantial majority in defending its seat at Batley, Yorkshire.

A Government victory would please the Labour Party, which earlier had taken a somewhat pessimistic view of the Hammersmith prospect, but has been cheered by recent developments.

Commons Show-Down

One of these was the Government's Batley majority of 7,600, taken to indicate that Labour's prestige has not suffered from the publicity given to the Lynskey Tribunal which recently investigated allegations of corruption in Government circles.

The other was the Government's "show-down" with the Opposition in Parliament last week over the cost of running Britain's new Health Service.

NO OFFER MADE FOR MANUS

Canberra, February 22.

Dr. Herbert Evatt, Australian External Affairs Minister, today denied that the United States had made an offer for Manus Island, the Australian Pacific naval base.

"Manus is now established as our foremost Northern base," he declared.

"Australia's relations with the United States are those of the greatest comradeship. Australia is consistently maintaining this attitude."

"I deny the suggestion that America offered to spend \$300 million dollars on development of Manus Island as a Pacific base," Dr. Evatt continued.

An Australian naval party arrived this month to take over Manus, which was evacuated by the Americans in 1940, according to the "Sydney Sun." The United States wartime base on the island was established at a cost of \$500 million, the paper added. —Reuter.

BIGGEST DRIVE AGAINST TB

Lake Success, February 22. The aim of the International tuberculosis campaign is to immunise more than 100,000,000 people in Asia, Europe and the Middle East and Latin America.

Work in India began in December, while demonstrations on the use of vaccines will soon take place in Tunisia, Algeria, Morocco and Guinea.

Dr. J. Holm, head of the campaign, the biggest drive against the disease ever to be launched, said that 6,700,000 European children and young adults had already been tested and that 3,500,000 had been vaccinated.

The campaign in Europe is being carried out in Finland, Poland, Czechoslovakia, Hungary, Yugoslavia, Greece and Austria.

—Reuter.

TAI HANG JEWELLERY Wholesalers of CUT-DIAMONDS

Liberty Diamond Cutting Works (Pty) Ltd
100 Gloucester Street, Johannesburg, South Africa

Bank of Baroda, 7th Floor, Room 707, Hong Kong.

Telephone 21220.

C.N.A.C.'s Hong Kong—Tokyo service by DC-4 is completed in one day. Hotel accommodation at Tokyo will be reserved upon request.

Leaving Hong Kong: 8 a.m. Every Friday
Arriving Tokyo: 5.30 p.m. same day.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, C.N.A.C. is there for you.

HONG KONG NAVAL DEFENCE RAISED IN THE COMMONS

London, February 22.

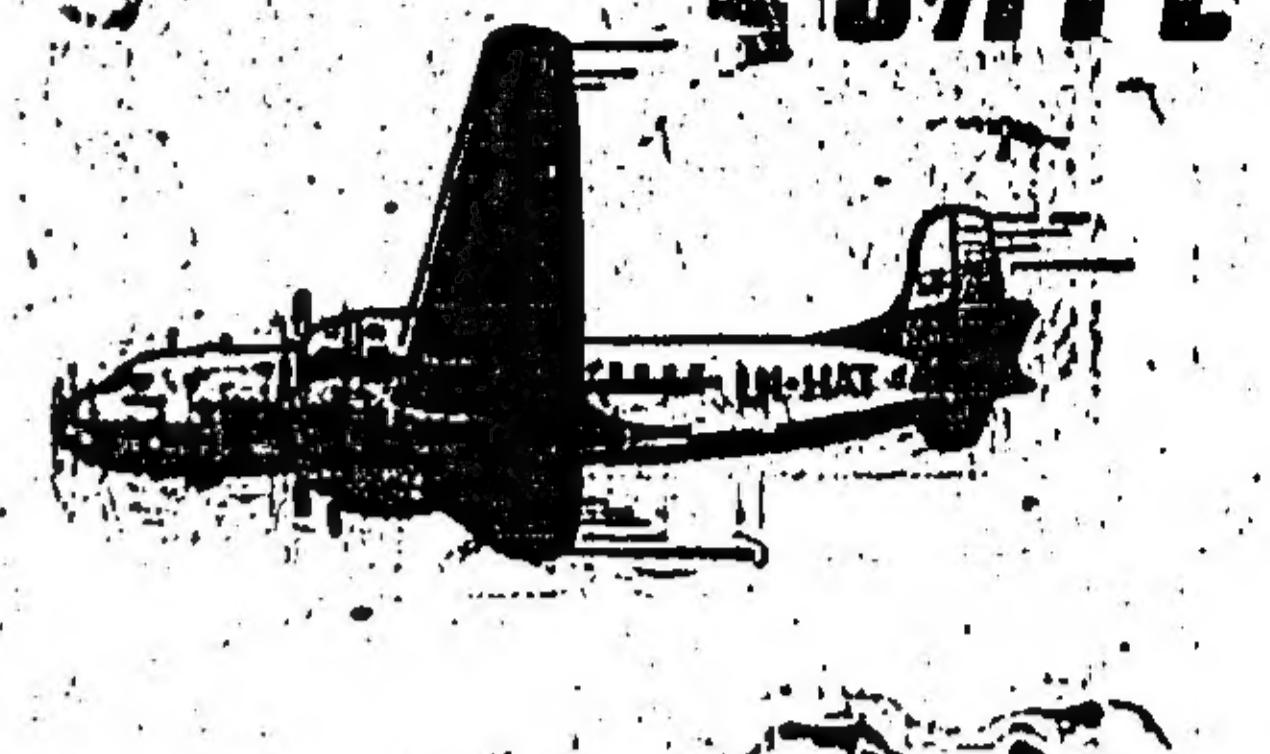
Approval has been given in Hong Kong for the formation of a combined Volunteer Force of all three Services.

Mr. David Rees Williams, Under-Secretary for Colonies, said this in the House of Commons, today.

The West African Government has considered forming a similar force but no great progress has yet been made. A small volunteer force will probably be based on Trinidad to serve the West Indies.

The Admiralty will provide equipment on indefinite loan and will approve all officers who are to be instructors. —Reuter.

BRAATHENS SOUTH AMERICAN FAR EAST AIRTRANSPORT A/S SAFE



HONGKONG-LONDON

TO AMSTERDAM

BOOKINGS ACCEPTED FOR ANY EUROPEAN DESTINATION

Also through bookings via Amsterdam to:

BERMUDA, HAVANA, ARUBA, CURACAO,

VENEZUELA, COSTA RICA

on S.A.F.E.'s South American Service.

BRAATHENS SAFE AIRTRANSPORT A/S.

ARRIVALS

26/2

5/3

15/3

20/3

22/3

28/3

30/3

5/4

14/4

For Europe & Freight Bookings Apply 2222

DEPARTURES

28/2

7/3

15/3

22/3

30/3

5/4

14/4

For Europe & Freight Bookings Apply 2222

WALLEM & CO.

Agents

Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tel: 34177-8.

GREAT BRITAIN - U.S.A. - CANADA

MIDDLE EAST - WEST AFRICA - EAST AFRICA

SOUTH AFRICA - PAKISTAN - INDIA - CEYLON

AUSTRALIA - NEW ZEALAND - FAR EAST - JAPAN

IT'S A SMALL WORLD BY SPEEDBIRD

SEABRITAIN TO EUROPE SEABRITAIN TO & AMERICA

Far East Lines, 4508 York Building, Chater Road, Hong Kong.

Agents and Sub-agents: Jersey Maritime & Co. Ltd., 68 Chater Road, Tel. 27703/5 (General Agents in Hong Kong & China).

BRITISH OVERSEAS AIRWAYS CORPORATION IN ASSOCIATION WITH QANTAS AIRWAYS LTD., EMPIRE AIRWAYS, S. AFRICAN AIRWAYS AND TAIWAN EMPIRE AIRWAYS LTD., WASH.

B.O.A.C.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

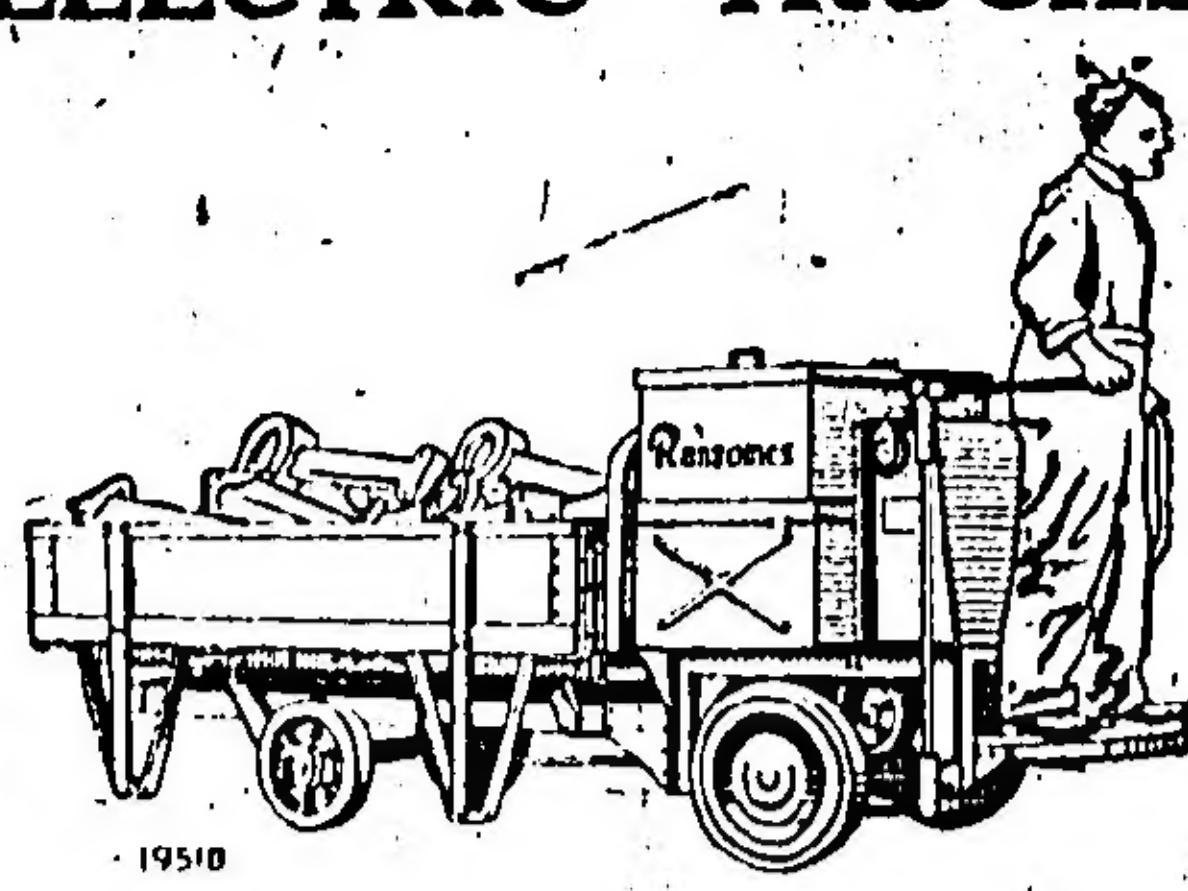
24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

24 hours a day, 7 days a week, 365 days a year, B.O.A.C. is there for you.

"RANSOMES" ELECTRIC TRUCKS

1950
ELECTRIC CARRYING TRUCKS

& TRACTORS

ELEVATING PLATFORM & FORKLIFT MODELS.

FULL PARTICULARS FROM SOLE AGENTS:

SWIRE & MACLAINE LTD.
ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT
1. CONNAUGHT RD. C. TEL. 3033.

APP



As many as 316 sizes of industrial and fractional endless V-belts can be replaced with only four reels of VeeLink. The VeeLink V-belt, from these handy reels required belt junctions are quickly uncoupled, made endless and installed. Belt replacement for every type drive are always on hand. Rapid turnover of VeeLink on reels eliminates spare belt deterioration. Complex, costly belt inventories are ended. Stock requirements are simplified. Standard reels hold 100 feet, save storage space.

VeeLink goes on quickly and easily...lowers machine downtime. On drives with outboard bearings, it is installed without moving the motor or dismantling the machine. Savings on drives of this type have been estimated to run as high as 9/10 the cost of installing any other V-belt.



VeeLink—known throughout the United States—has proven itself in service on thousands upon thousands of drives. Whenever it is used higher levels of power transmission efficiency are attained.

Tested • Proved • Adopted
by Industry

Stocks Of All Sizes Available
Sole Agents—KIU FOONG TRADING CO.
26, Connaught Road, C. TEL. 23403

HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND VALUERS

"COME TO US FOR ADVICE"

ALL TYPES INDUSTRIAL & DOMESTIC PROPERTIES AVAILABLE

King's Building (2nd floor) 9 Connaught Rd., H.K. TEL. 31255
TELEGRAMS "Harriman"

BUILDING SUPPLIES

STOCKS AVAILABLE

"TURNALL"
"CRANE"
"YORKSHIRE"
"CEMENTONE"
"PUDLO"
"HEATRAE"
"EXPAMET"
"A.I."
"FOAMITE"
"NEWALLS"
"OZONO"
"FALCO"
"ELECTROMATIC"
"RELIANCE"
"PHILPLUG"
"LEE HOWL"
"HURSEAL"
"RUBBERLOCK"
"CRITTALL"
"CHATWOOD"

Asbestos Cement Products.
Boilers, Domestic.
Copper Tubes & Fittings.
Cement Colouring Powder.
Cement Waterproofing Powder.
Electric Water Heaters.
Expanded Metal.
Fira Places.
Fire Fighting Equipment.
Insulation: Heat, Cold & Sound.
Ozone Generators.
Oil Cooking Ranges.
Oil Burners, Fully Automatic.
Oil Burners, Range.
Plugging Materials.
Pumping Equipment.
Radiators, Oil Loaded Electric.
Rubber Flooring Tiles.
Windows & Doors, Metal.
Vault Doors & Safes.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

MACHINERY & CONTRACTING DEPT.

Hong Kong & Shanghai Bank Building

Hong Kong

Telephone 28021

Hong Kong

Telephone 280

DELIBERATE "GO-SLOW" BY THE CHINESE COMMUNISTS

CHINESE WON'T BE GOOD REDS

San Francisco, February 23. Roger Lapham, American oil administrator in China, says he does not expect the Chinese to make good Communists.

The Chinese, he told the San Francisco Board of Supervisors, are hard workers and want to be left alone.

"Chinese as individuals certainly are not meant to be Communists—if you mean by Communism the domination of a few over the great mass, as we know it in Moscow," he said.

"But the U.S. should pay more attention to what is going on in China," he added.

"The people over there are going through a great upheaval from feudalism to something approaching Democracy. It will be a long time before China catches up with the modern world."

Mr. Lapham is resting here after his return from China to report in Washington on the Economic Co-operation Administration programme. —Associated Press.

Shanghai, February 23. A full month ago the Chinese Communists stopped just short of the Yangtze River after conquering roughly half of China.

Why? There seems to be no single answer. For many reasons, however they appear to have adopted a deliberate go-slow policy. Here are some of the most obvious reasons.

First is the over-riding fact that with peace talk in the air more war would be highly unpopular in this country.

The Reds now appear uninterested in risking military adventure in the unconquered half of China which they hope to get in a deal.

Their conquest down to the Yangtze has far extended their front, perhaps beyond their ability to supply it until railways are rebuilt, including those running over bridges destroyed by the Nationalists.

Meanwhile the Reds need time to digest what they have captured. This is a largely illiterate people who must be taught how to live under the communist superstructure.

The Reds have a proved technique for this but it takes time. It includes the slow process of spreading literacy to lay the foundation for greater changes. The Reds make no attempt to

change overnight China's feudal capitalism into Communism or even Socialism. They do attack some of the more galling and obvious inequities they find, making all possible political hay while to consolidate their control.

Now Freedom

Thus they go in for some land redistribution—and give millions of farmers a vested interest in the new status quo. They make one of their rare attacks on the ancient Confucian system by forming very active women's societies. Particularly to peasant women, whose lives often approach slavery, this novel activity brings unheard-of freedom.

Students and teachers are quickly organised—it is easy because the Nationalists have already driven them far to the left. Then they are put to work organising and indoctrinating the less educated class who might mistake the "new China" for just another change of rulers.

All the lower income elements are given preferred treatment in changing Nationalist money for new Red money and otherwise taken into camp to reduce the possibility that any mass basis will be left for counter-revolution.

Another thing making the Reds go slow is the fact they themselves say that Nationalist China collapsed faster than the Chinese people expected.

In The Cities

That is probably their way of saying that they themselves are surprised by the speed of their own advances. They seem to be trying to avoid the KMT's rapid over-expansion after V-J Day which, partly because of the lack of trained personnel, helped to bring about the Reds' own triumph.

The Reds now find themselves holding large cities. They had to fight for Tientsin and it will take time to recast this large community of acquisitive business into the new mold. In Peiping they ran into another kind of trouble.

Just before the fall of Peiping, the Nationalist chief of Secret Police, Cheng Kai-min, paid a flying visit long enough to order an entire regiment of his tough "agents" underground. The result was that the Reds conducted a quick census of the city's 2,000,000 people and are now reporting that some of these undercover threats to their control have been rounded up.

In both these cities and Manchurian centres there is great emphasis on getting industries going again to provide employment and consumer goods without which discontent is sure to arise.

These are the only known factors indicating a go-slow policy. There may be others indicating the best course, to be avoided political indigestion. Meanwhile, there is nothing tangible in the wind to what their appetite for more war unless Nationalist Government peace efforts break down entirely. —Associated Press.

Scraping Of Japanese Fleet Revealed

London, February 23. An Admiralty spokesman today revealed that all units of the Japanese Fleet—allooted to the United Kingdom had been, or were being scrapped, with the exception of two ships which were being disposed of within the Commonwealth.

The revelation came in an Admiralty estimate which said that the Admiralty will need £189,250,000 to keep the Royal Navy afloat during the year beginning April 1949.

The figure was £26,250,000 more than last year's, but it did not provide for any new ship-building.

The First Lord of the Admiralty, Lord Hall, in an explanatory memorandum, said £10,380,000 provided for ship-building will be used to continue programmes started in former years.

He said the estimate contained no more than a token provision for new building.

The cost of completing warships already begun, however, will total £42,000,194 and will be included in future estimates. —United Press.

Passengers Get Refund

New York, February 22. Passengers in the Mauretania, who had their eight-day cruise to Nassau and Havana cut short because of engine trouble, have received a 50 per cent refund of the passage money.

The liner, which left here on February 15, developed engine trouble three days later.

Captain Ivan Thompson decided it would not be prudent to continue the cruise.

When the liner returned to New York yesterday, the company converted the waiting room on the pier to a temporary cashier's office, where passengers were able to obtain their refund in cash or in drafts on the company.

A short delay was caused when an armoured car, hurriedly dispatched to the pier with \$50,000 in cash, broke down on the way. —Reuters.

Observatories in Pacific

Christchurch, New Zealand, February 23. Experts attending the Pacific Science Congress, which ended yesterday, called for a more accurate network of weather stations in the Pacific. "Atmospheric and upper air research must be based on such stations as those on China, Chile, Australia, French Polynesia, and Hawaii," they recommended. "That the United States be located in the Pacific is of great importance to the world's scientific development."

The letter, which is to have solidly founded that we viewed the situation from only one side and did not fully understand the problem of the Hungarian Communists, should like to be the basis for a movement between the Church and the State.

—UPI.

AMERICAN WOMAN'S AMAZING BOOK

Moscow, February 22.

Annabella Ducar, aged 34, former American Embassy employee, who married a Russian singer and left a year ago to live permanently in Russia, was disclosed today as the author of a 50,000-word book "The Truth About American Diplomats."

Miss Ducar, an American citizen, said in her book that American diplomats are doing everything they can to cause a world catastrophe.

In the first edition of her book 10,000 copies were sold out at the price of seven rubles each within a few minutes after it was placed on the newsstands.

Miss Ducar, an administrative assistant at the Embassy, left last February in protest against the American attitude toward Russia. Upon leaving the Embassy she disclosed that she had been secretly married 13 months to the Soviet singer, Konstantin Lapshin. She said she was leaving to live the life of a Soviet housewife.

When she left she denounced the State Department as warmongers.

"I cannot remain silent," Miss Ducar said in her introduction in the book, "because I saw in Washington and Moscow how step by step our diplomats responsible for our foreign policy are doing everything they can to cause a world catastrophe."

She went on to say she felt duty-bound to expose the warmongering conspiracy of American diplomats and for that reason resigned her Embassy job. She said she decided to remain in Russia to participate in the common struggle for peace and prosperity of nations.

In Miss Ducar's concluding chapter, she gave her impressions of the Soviet Union. She said: "I am happy to be here and that my son was born in the Soviet Union. I highly appreciate the Soviet hospitality so generously accorded me. I am grateful not only for myself but even more for my son."

Envoy Accused

Then Miss Ducar accused the American Ambassador, Mr. Walter Bedell Smith, with using his high position to reap huge profits from the sale of old clothes, gold coins and watches. She said the Embassy itself was engaged in large-scale speculation by smuggling goods and currency abroad.

She alleged that a monopolistic clique functions in the Russian division of the State Department, "conspiring to seize all leading posts determining the Department's policy." She said Mr. Roy Henderson, now Ambassador to India, was the original organiser of this clique.

Czechs Intensify Security Moves

Prague, February 22.

Czechoslovakia's Communist regime marked its first anniversary by tightening security measures and ordering followers to go over to the offensive against their enemies.

Red leaders said these enemies are receiving financial support from the West and they criticised officials and members for wavering under pressure.

As the Government began a series of official commemorations of the February 1948 coup, these were the developments.

Army Party members were ordered to patrol the streets of Prague. A confidential Party circular, issued to its ten-man cells, warned that foreign imperialists are the Czechs' principal enemies and called for an end to the tolerant attitude toward capitalist remnants. Highways leading out of Prague were closely checked for several days last week. Even Cabinet Ministers were stopped for identification. —United Press.

THE NEW ZEALAND INSURANCE COMPANY.

Incorporated in New Zealand
Established 1889

P.O. Box 180
Tele. 3462 & 3463

ALL RISKS

AIR TRAVEL

BAGGAGE

BURGLARY & THEFT

CASH IN TRANSIT

DISASTER GUARANTEE

EMPLOYEES GROUP

PERSONAL ACCIDENT

PLATE GLASS

INSURE AND BE SECURE

Head Office: 12-14, Queen's Road, C.

Branch Manager: A. U. LIND

FIRE

PUBLIC LIABILITY

MARINE (HULL & CARGO)

MOTOR CAR

PERSONAL ACCIDENT

PLATE GLASS

SPECIAL FEATURES

1. Double Locked Bonnet
2. Self-Parking Wipers
3. Balanced Direct-Lift Windows
4. Genuine Leather Upholstery

Home Delivery Orders Accepted

CHINA INTERNATIONAL MOTORS LTD.
Service Station & Showroom
150 Kennedy Road, Tel. 21440
Telephone 21440.

BRC FABRIC

ELECTRICALLY CROSS-WELDED
STEEL WIRE MESH
IN ROLLS OR SHEETS
FOR CONCRETE REINFORCEMENT

Stock Available
DAVIE, BOAG & CO., LTD.
Chartered Bank Bldg.
Agents for—
BRITISH REINFORCED CONCRETE ENG. CO. LTD.



They're well worn
... but they're
worn well . . .

shanks to KIWI
POLISHES, PROTECTS AND PRESERVES

A shade for
every shoe

White Cleaner
in tubes

100% GUARANTEED

Sole Agents for Hong Kong & South China

W. R. LOXLEY & CO., (CHINA) LTD.

TEL: 34165

IT IS OPEN TO YOU

To enquire
whether Falconers have it—

GEO. FALCONER & CO., (H.K.) LTD.

ESTABLISHED 1855.

PEDDER STREET OPP. G.P.O. TEL: 22143.

Surrounded by beautiful gardens, the magnificent tomb holds the remains of the only Mogul Emperor buried in Pakistan. His real name was Salim, but he adopted the name of Jahangir (Conqueror of the World) when he succeeded his father Akbar the Great in 1605. —Reuters.



The New Vauxhalls

Service Station & Showroom
150 Kennedy Road, Tel. 21440
Telephone 21440.

COLONIALISM MUST BE ELIMINATED--ROMULO

New York, February 23. Carlos P. Romulo, chief Philippine delegate to the United Nations, says the elimination of colonialism is the first condition of Asian strength and security.

In a speech prepared for the British Broadcasting Corporation on results of the recent New Delhi conference, General Romulo declared:

"As long as parts of Asia are held in bondage by Western powers, the entire region will be unsettled, afflicted by recurrent strife and turmoil.

"Asia must be given the freedom to which it is entitled and for which it has fought valiantly for 2,000 years," said General Romulo.

He said the New Delhi conference, at which he represented the Philippines, properly and wisely concerned itself mainly with seeking solution of the Dutch-Indonesian problem.

"Nevertheless, the foundation was laid for the establishment of a regional (Asian) association which the states concerned decide upon it after further consultations," he added.

General Romulo said that any such regional association will be strictly within the framework of the UN.

Awaiting Answer

How would such an association regard the West? he was asked.

"That would depend to a great extent on the attitude of the West toward Asia," he replied.

General Romulo said the association would be dedicated to freedom and peace in close collaboration with the democratic

powers. He added, however, that Asia can be an effective force for peace and freedom only in proportion as it is itself free, economically stable and secure.

"The new Asia," he said, "awaits the response of the West."

"Upon the answer we depend not only the fate of Asia, but the whole world," Associated Press.

Dutch Cabinet Decisions On Indonesia

The Hague, February 23. Important Dutch Cabinet decisions on Indonesia will be announced simultaneously here and in Batavia or Saturday. It was officially stated today. Publication will coincide with the arrival of the High Commissioner to Indonesia, Dr. Louis Beel, who is leaving Holland tomorrow after Cabinet talks.

Dr. Beel is now completely informed of the views of the Dutch Government and has been given the necessary powers to carry out the details of the policy now agreed upon. It was stated today. Reuter.

AMERICAN ARMS AID TO WESTERN EUROPE

Washington, February 22. European estimates of American arms needed to bring the Western Powers' military forces up to fighting strength are being cut considerably in the drafting of the new American military aid programme.

Western Union leaders have submitted to Washington a joint list of arms deficiencies.

This list is now being screened by a United States Government committee, headed by the Assistant Secretary of State.

The drafting of the new military aid programme is not complete, but it is already apparent that the United States will be unable to supply all the equipment Europe wants in the first year.

The present intention is to submit the programme for approval by both chambers of Congress shortly after the Senate has ratified the proposed North Atlantic Pact. This should be in late March or early April.

A tentative estimate of the cost of the programme is to be submitted to the Foreign Affairs Committee of the Congress shortly.

The military aid scheme is estimated to cost in its first year about \$1,500,000,000. About \$1,000,000,000 of this will be for European members of the Atlantic Pact.

Overall Aid

The programme is to be an overall military aid measure and will include similar assistance to Greece and Turkey, Latin-American countries and possibly China.

In one sense, the figures are misleading, as a considerable amount of equipment to be given to Europe will be surplus material and will be contributed to the scheme at much less than cost price.

For instance, if Britain gets some 200 Superfort bombers, of which there are now over 2,000 in storage in America, that will be debited against the programme at considerably less than their original price.

The State Department will administer the programme in much the same way as they have conducted the Greek and Turkish

THREAT OF JAPANESE INDUSTRY

London, February 23. John Edwards, Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade, said yesterday that Britain is fully aware of the seriousness of Japanese competition as a long term problem.

In a written reply in the House of Commons to a Conservative member's question, Mr. Edwards said:

"The whole matter is at present being examined and consultation with industries has begun."

"The threat is potential rather than actual since overall Japanese production is still only about half the pre-war level and exports are only just over a quarter."

"We shall take every possible step by representations to the occupation authorities and otherwise to prevent a recurrence of the sort of unfair practice familiar before the war and, wherever possible, we shall support measures to raise the standard of living of the Japanese workers and thus avoid low price competition based on cheap labour," Associated Press.

MALAYA DEPORTS CHINESE

Singapore, February 22. A group of 573 Chinese deportees, alleged to have assisted Malayan terrorists, sailed from Port Swettenham yesterday for South China ports. This was the biggest shipment of deportees under the special Malayan emergency regulations, announced last November, providing for the deportation of aliens involved in terrorist activity.

A further 700 are expected to leave shortly. Reuter.

Gold dust



By Lee Falk and Phil Davis.

I WARNED YOU NOT TO TRY A GETAWAY. NOW I'M GONA LET YOU HAVE IT!



By Alex Raymond.



ARMY'S STRENGTH TO BE LOWERED

London, February 22. Britain's Army will have 300,000 fewer men next year, the War Minister, Mr. Emanuel Shinwell, disclosed today. Its cost will be slashed by £300,000.

The Army Estimates, published today, show that the maximum number of officers and troops to be maintained in 1948-50 will be 550,000 against 850,000 last year.

Expenditure is estimated at £304,700,000 against last year's £305 million. The Estimates reveal that, including colonial, Polish and Commonwealth troops, a total of 347,000 officers and other ranks will be garrisoned in Europe, compared with 452,000 last year.

Outside Europe there will be another 171,000, compared with 265,000 last year.

Though the net estimate of expenditure is reduced by £300,000, the gross estimate—that is expenses before deducting various assets—show a substantial increase. It rose from £340,100,000 in 1948-49 to £350,200,000 for 1949-50—£10,100,000 more.

This is largely due, Mr. Shinwell explained, to continuing overseas commitments.

Mr. Shinwell said in a memorandum accompanying the Estimates that Parliament's decision to increase the period of national

service from one year to 18 months will mean that more national service men will be available. It will be possible, too, to employ them further afield.

"But it must not be forgotten," the War Minister added, "that, with the present shortages of regulars, even with 18 months' national service, the Army is at present stretched to the limit to carry out essential tasks."

Mr. Shinwell said that the effects of the cold war in Europe and the Middle and Near East had necessitated cuts in administrative rather than in operational units.

The rate of progress therefore

had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

The rate of progress therefore had been slowing down and would have to be continued beyond 1949-50. Long-term research into the development of new weapons and equipment is continuing. Reuter.

HOTEL ORDINANCE BILL BECOMES LAW

(Continued from Page 1)

"At all events, I hope Government will give an assurance that the actual working of this law will be carefully watched and that representations from those affected as to the result of such working will receive the attention and consideration of the Government.

"It is, in my submission, that the provisions of this Bill go beyond the accepted principles of Price Control, that they go beyond what is necessary to secure that existing permanent residents, and those hereafter to be accepted as such by the hotels, will be subjected only to approved charges and rates, and that they constitute a legislative sanction for compelling hotels to undertake or continue a kind of boarding house business irrespective of the wishes of their owners. For these reasons, I shall vote against the bill.

Replying to the points raised in Sir M. K. Lo's speech, the Honourable Mr. T. N. Chau said:

"As Chairman of the Hotel Rates Advisory Committee, I wish to make it clear that the Committee, in recommending control of the rates charged for accommodation in hotels, was aware that it is against the principle of free trading—an indeed in any form of control; but they felt justified in their recommendation in view of the unprecedented shortage of housing in Hong Kong. They regarded the proposal as being in line with the objects of the Landlord and Tenant Ordinance.

"Since the publication of the Committee's report, there has been criticism in the Press of the recommendations that the Paramount and Cathay hotels should be exempted from control. That recommendation was based on cogent reasons.

"The two hotels were established after the Pacific War—one in an extensively renovated building, and the other in a much rehabilitated building.

"Their capital expenditure, including the outlay on costly furniture and air-conditioning, was very high and their accommodation is comparatively limited.

"The Committee felt that even if their rates were controlled they would have to be high to give a reasonable return on the capital invested. Thus any rates that might be computed would be beyond the means of the ordinary.

Not Illogical.

"In other words, the two hotels cater only for those who can afford to pay rates higher than those charged by other and larger hotels. In these circumstances, and on the analogy that new buildings are exempted by law from rent control, I submit that it is not illogical to exempt these two comparatively small hotels.

"I now come to a rather knotty problem—the reservation of a prescribed percentage of accommodation in hotels for permanent residents.

"This problem received the very careful and anxious consideration of the Committee. They realised that the point did not come within their terms of reference, but as it is a point intimately bound up with the important problem on which they were charged by the Government to investigate and to advise, they deemed it their duty to make a recommendation.

"This recommendation did not seem to them to be either arbitrary or hasty, in as much as the suggested ratios between residents and transients correspond closely to the ratios between these two classes before the war.

"In their report the Committee stated that this recommendation was contrary to the practice followed in other parts of the world, that it would interfere with the normal course of the hotel industry, but that it was justified by the right of appeal to a Board of

present exceptional circumstances.

"It has been argued that since such a method has not been adopted in the United Kingdom, the United States of America, and elsewhere, the hotels in Hong Kong should not be shackled by the recommendations recommended by the Committee.

"I would now refer to the phrase used in our report—the present exceptional circumstances. What are these 'exceptional circumstances'? An acute housing shortage does exist in the United Kingdom and the United States of America, but the position there cannot be in any way compared to that prevailing in Hong Kong.

"Elsewhere the influx of aliens is regulated, whereas here, every hour, every day, without any let or hindrance, there have been and are pouring into our territory a countless and increasing number of re-

turnees, rich and poor.

No Parallel.

"These refugees have created a housing situation which, I believe, has no parallel in any other part of the world at the present moment. Who are the sufferers from this inflow? Our permanent residents.

"The recommendations which the Committee have made are designed to protect one section of these people—those who have no choice but to live in hotels—and to ensure that some accommodation is reserved for them at prices they can afford to pay.

"It has been contended that the question of principle involved in these recommendations should not be ignored. But exceptional measures must be, and have been, taken to meet exceptional conditions, for the good of the general public. For instance, we have price and rent control. Because of this, the Committee have ventured to go beyond their terms of reference and make the recommendations now being considered.

Supporting the new Ordinance, Mr. Caraidy said:

"There was plenty of evidence that the occupants had done something to create a homelike atmosphere—but the result was pathetic. The work of the Committee was hampered by the non-production of accounts and apart from the hotels we grouped under A there were only one or two cases where proper accounts were rendered and they made it clear to us that the proprietors were not doing at all badly.

"I consider that this bill is fully justified. I hope it will not be necessary to extend it beyond the end of 1950 but unless the supply of housing overtakes the demand an extension may be inevitable. I contend that the section of the community who are affected by this bill should have been relieved long before yesterday.

"Dik So had on his person 15 gold rings, 10 gold crucifixes and 14 gold chains when Revenue Officers boarded the 'ss. Kwai Wah. He failed to be present at the court. His \$10 bail was also confiscated.

Cheng Sam was found with three bars of gold on the ss. Kwangsi, and a similar order was made against him in absentia.

Another five bars of gold were found on the Kwangsi but were not claimed and these were also ordered confiscated.

"I hope it will be enacted in

time for daily rates. It improves upon the recommendations.

"I should like to have seen a Board of Appeal set up as suggested not only in our Report but also in the Report of the Gillespie Committee which went into the hotel question when these establishments were being deregulated in June 1946.

"There is, of course, provision under Section 4, (2) a, for a dispute as to allocation to be referred to arbitration but what we had in mind, was a Board of Review to which disputes in regard to rates could be referred.

"This recommendation did not seem to them to be either arbitrary or hasty, in as much as the suggested ratios between residents and transients correspond closely to the ratios between these two classes before the war.

"In their report the Committee stated that this recommendation was contrary to the practice followed in other parts of the world, that it would interfere with the normal course of the hotel industry, but that it was justified by the right of appeal to a Board of

Review. I understand, however, that Government do not consider it a practicable measure on the grounds that it would encourage a flood of appeals some of a trivial nature, and I, therefore, do not press the point. I can only trust that the Quartering Authority will not hesitate to ask this Council for power to revise the rates if necessary.

"However much the hotel owners may protest that this bill is driving them to ruin, the fact is that in many cases they have taken unfair advantage of those residents who have had no possibility of obtaining housing accommodation.

"It is all very well to argue that a mere 300 people are affected. Actually it is a good deal more than 300 for it does not follow that because only that number replied to the question, all the rest of the 300 have been affected.

"Elsewhere the influx of aliens is regulated, whereas here, every hour, every day, without any let or hindrance, there have been and are pouring into our territory a countless and increasing number of re-

turnees, rich and poor.

No Parallel.

"These refugees have created a housing situation which, I believe, has no parallel in any other part of the world at the present moment. Who are the sufferers from this inflow? Our permanent residents.

"The recommendations which the Committee have made are designed to protect one section of these people—those who have no choice but to live in hotels—and to ensure that some accommodation is reserved for them at prices they can afford to pay.

"It has been contended that the question of principle involved in these recommendations should not be ignored. But exceptional measures must be, and have been, taken to meet exceptional conditions, for the good of the general public. For instance, we have price and rent control. Because of this, the Committee have ventured to go beyond their terms of reference and make the recommendations now being considered.

Supporting the new Ordinance, Mr. Caraidy said:

"There was plenty of evidence that the occupants had done something to create a homelike atmosphere—but the result was pathetic. The work of the Committee was hampered by the non-production of accounts and apart from the hotels we grouped under A there were only one or two cases where proper accounts were rendered and they made it clear to us that the proprietors were not doing at all badly.

"I consider that this bill is fully justified. I hope it will not be necessary to extend it beyond the end of 1950 but unless the supply of housing overtakes the demand an extension may be inevitable. I contend that the section of the community who are affected by this bill should have been relieved long before yesterday.

"Dik So had on his person 15 gold rings, 10 gold crucifixes and 14 gold chains when Revenue Officers boarded the 'ss. Kwai Wah. He failed to be present at the court. His \$10 bail was also confiscated.

Cheng Sam was found with three bars of gold on the ss. Kwangsi, and a similar order was made against him in absentia.

Another five bars of gold were found on the Kwangsi but were not claimed and these were also ordered confiscated.

"I hope it will be enacted in

time for daily rates. It improves upon the recommendations.

"This recommendation did not seem to them to be either arbitrary or hasty, in as much as the suggested ratios between residents and transients correspond closely to the ratios between these two classes before the war.

"In their report the Committee stated that this recommendation was contrary to the practice followed in other parts of the world, that it would interfere with the normal course of the hotel industry, but that it was justified by the right of appeal to a Board of

Review. I understand, however, that Government do not consider it a practicable measure on the grounds that it would encourage a flood of appeals some of a trivial nature, and I, therefore, do not press the point. I can only trust that the Quartering Authority will not hesitate to ask this Council for power to revise the rates if necessary.

"However much the hotel owners may protest that this bill is driving them to ruin, the fact is that in many cases they have taken unfair advantage of those residents who have had no possibility of obtaining housing accommodation.

"It is all very well to argue that a mere 300 people are affected. Actually it is a good deal more than 300 for it does not follow that because only that number replied to the question, all the rest of the 300 have been affected.

"Elsewhere the influx of aliens is regulated, whereas here, every hour, every day, without any let or hindrance, there have been and are pouring into our territory a countless and increasing number of re-

turnees, rich and poor.

No Parallel.

"These refugees have created a housing situation which, I believe, has no parallel in any other part of the world at the present moment. Who are the sufferers from this inflow? Our permanent residents.

"The recommendations which the Committee have made are designed to protect one section of these people—those who have no choice but to live in hotels—and to ensure that some accommodation is reserved for them at prices they can afford to pay.

"It has been contended that the question of principle involved in these recommendations should not be ignored. But exceptional measures must be, and have been, taken to meet exceptional conditions, for the good of the general public. For instance, we have price and rent control. Because of this, the Committee have ventured to go beyond their terms of reference and make the recommendations now being considered.

Supporting the new Ordinance, Mr. Caraidy said:

"There was plenty of evidence that the occupants had done something to create a homelike atmosphere—but the result was pathetic. The work of the Committee was hampered by the non-production of accounts and apart from the hotels we grouped under A there were only one or two cases where proper accounts were rendered and they made it clear to us that the proprietors were not doing at all badly.

"I consider that this bill is fully justified. I hope it will not be necessary to extend it beyond the end of 1950 but unless the supply of housing overtakes the demand an extension may be inevitable. I contend that the section of the community who are affected by this bill should have been relieved long before yesterday.

"Dik So had on his person 15 gold rings, 10 gold crucifixes and 14 gold chains when Revenue Officers boarded the 'ss. Kwai Wah. He failed to be present at the court. His \$10 bail was also confiscated.

Cheng Sam was found with three bars of gold on the ss. Kwangsi, and a similar order was made against him in absentia.

Another five bars of gold were found on the Kwangsi but were not claimed and these were also ordered confiscated.

"I hope it will be enacted in

time for daily rates. It improves upon the recommendations.

"This recommendation did not seem to them to be either arbitrary or hasty, in as much as the suggested ratios between residents and transients correspond closely to the ratios between these two classes before the war.

"In their report the Committee stated that this recommendation was contrary to the practice followed in other parts of the world, that it would interfere with the normal course of the hotel industry, but that it was justified by the right of appeal to a Board of

Review. I understand, however, that Government do not consider it a practicable measure on the grounds that it would encourage a flood of appeals some of a trivial nature, and I, therefore, do not press the point. I can only trust that the Quartering Authority will not hesitate to ask this Council for power to revise the rates if necessary.

"However much the hotel owners may protest that this bill is driving them to ruin, the fact is that in many cases they have taken unfair advantage of those residents who have had no possibility of obtaining housing accommodation.

"It is all very well to argue that a mere 300 people are affected. Actually it is a good deal more than 300 for it does not follow that because only that number replied to the question, all the rest of the 300 have been affected.

"Elsewhere the influx of aliens is regulated, whereas here, every hour, every day, without any let or hindrance, there have been and are pouring into our territory a countless and increasing number of re-

turnees, rich and poor.

No Parallel.

"These refugees have created a housing situation which, I believe, has no parallel in any other part of the world at the present moment. Who are the sufferers from this inflow? Our permanent residents.

"The recommendations which the Committee have made are designed to protect one section of these people—those who have no choice but to live in hotels—and to ensure that some accommodation is reserved for them at prices they can afford to pay.

"It has been contended that the question of principle involved in these recommendations should not be ignored. But exceptional measures must be, and have been, taken to meet exceptional conditions, for the good of the general public. For instance, we have price and rent control. Because of this, the Committee have ventured to go beyond their terms of reference and make the recommendations now being considered.

Supporting the new Ordinance, Mr. Caraidy said:

"There was plenty of evidence that the occupants had done something to create a homelike atmosphere—but the result was pathetic. The work of the Committee was hampered by the non-production of accounts and apart from the hotels we grouped under A there were only one or two cases where proper accounts were rendered and they made it clear to us that the proprietors were not doing at all badly.

"I consider that this bill is fully justified. I hope it will not be necessary to extend it beyond the end of 1950 but unless the supply of housing overtakes the demand an extension may be inevitable. I contend that the section of the community who are affected by this bill should have been relieved long before yesterday.

"Dik So had on his person 15 gold rings, 10 gold crucifixes and 14 gold chains when Revenue Officers boarded the 'ss. Kwai Wah. He failed to be present at the court. His \$10 bail was also confiscated.

Cheng Sam was found with three bars of gold on the ss. Kwangsi, and a similar order was made against him in absentia.

Another five bars of gold were found on the Kwangsi but were not claimed and these were also ordered confiscated.

"I hope it will be enacted in

time for daily rates. It improves upon the recommendations.

"This recommendation did not seem to them to be either arbitrary or hasty, in as much as the suggested ratios between residents and transients correspond closely to the ratios between these two classes before the war.

"In their report the Committee stated that this recommendation was contrary to the practice followed in other parts of the world, that it would interfere with the normal course of the hotel industry, but that it was justified by the right of appeal to a Board of

Review. I understand, however, that Government do not consider it a practicable measure on the grounds that it would encourage a flood of appeals some of a trivial nature, and I, therefore, do not press the point. I can only trust that the Quartering Authority will not hesitate to ask this Council for power to revise the rates if necessary.

"However much the hotel owners may protest that this bill is driving them to ruin, the fact is that in many cases they have taken unfair advantage of those residents who have had no possibility of obtaining housing accommodation.

"It is all very well to argue that a mere 300 people are affected. Actually it is a good deal more than 300 for it does not follow that because only that number replied to the question, all the rest of the 300 have been affected.

"Elsewhere the influx of aliens is regulated, whereas here, every hour, every day, without any let or hindrance, there have been and are pouring into our territory a countless and increasing number of re-

turnees, rich and poor.

No Parallel.

"These refugees have created a housing situation which, I believe, has no parallel in any other part of the world at the present moment. Who are the sufferers from this inflow? Our permanent residents.

"The recommendations which the Committee have made are designed to protect one section of these people—those who have no choice but to live in hotels—and to ensure that some accommodation is reserved for them at prices they can afford to pay.

"It has been contended that the question of principle involved in these recommendations should not be ignored. But exceptional measures must be, and have been, taken to meet exceptional conditions, for the good of the general public. For instance, we have price and rent control. Because of this, the Committee have ventured to go beyond their terms of reference and make the recommendations now being considered.

Supporting the new Ordinance, Mr. Caraidy said:



JAVA-CHINA SERVICE	
Arrivals	Sailings
“TAMAN” from Sutow 24th Feb.	to Manlia 6th March.
“TJIJALENGKA” in port	to Javaport & Macassar 8th March.
“TJIBADAK” from Macassar & Javaport 3rd March.	to Shanghai 11th March.
“TJIBADANE” from Macassar & Javaport 17th March.	to Javaport & Macassar 31st March.

ASIA-AFRICA-S. AMERICA SERVICE

ASIA-AFRICA-S. AMERICA SERVICE	
Arrivals	Sailings
“TJKS” in port	to South Africa & South America 25th February 5 p.m.
“STRAAT MELAKKA” from South Africa, 8th March.	to South Africa & South America, 23rd March.
“BOISSEVAEN” from South America & South Africa, 21st April.	to South Africa & South America, 18th May.
“STRAAT SOENDA” in port.	to South Africa & South America, 18th May.

All Steamers Calling Mombasa & L. Marques. Direct Transhipment cargo on through B.s./L to Dar-Es-Salaam. Zanzibar accepted on all sailings.

SUMATRA-MALAYA-CHINA SERVICE

SUMATRA-MALAYA-CHINA SERVICE	
Arrivals	Sailings
“VAN HEUTSZ” from Amoy & Sunfow, 26th Feb.	to Straits & B. Dell 27th Feb.
“VAN RIEMSDIJK” from B. Dell & Spore 6th Mar.	to Straits & B. Dell 14th March.
Agents: HOLLAND-EAST ASIA LINE	
Arrivals	Sailings
“VINKERK” in port	to S’hal, Japan via Keeling 24th Feb.
	to Europe via Manila & Straits, Mid March.
	to S’hal, Japan 5th March.
	to Europe via Manila & Straits and March.
	to Europe via Manila & Straits, Mid April.
	to Europe via Manila & Straits, Mid May.
Transhipment cargo on through Mediterranean and Northern European ports.	

Office Address: King's Building, Phones: 28015, 28016 & 28017
Chinese Agents: 82, Connaught Rd. Tel. 31196 & 21533

DE LA RAMA LINES

EXPRESS CARGO LINER SERVICES
TO AND FROM PACIFIC & ATLANTIC COASTS

ARRIVING FROM U.S. ATLANTIC COAST
VIA LOS ANGELES & SAN FRANCISCO
S.S. "DONA AURORA" 11th Apr.
M.V. "BENARES" End Apr.

SAILING FOR U.S. ATLANTIC COAST
VIA LOS ANGELES

M.V. "BENGAL" 5th Mar.
S.S. "DONA AURORA" 15th Apr.
M.V. "BENARES" End Apr.

THE DE LA RAMA STEAMSHIP CO., INC.
(Incorporated in the Philippines)

MARINA HOUSE CHINESE SHIPPING OFFICE
Tel. 22675-22676 Tel. 28788-20153

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
OF COPENHAGEN

M.S. "MONGOLIA"

LOADING ABOUT 10th MARCH

FOR

ADEN, PORT SAID, GENOA, ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM, HAMBURG, OSLO, GOETHEBORG AND COPENHAGEN.

Tanks available for the carriage of oil in bulk.

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.
Queen's Bldg, 2nd floor. Tel. 34111 & 34112.

CHINA MERCHANTS S.N. CO.

16, CHAMBERS ROAD, W.C. Telephone: 31618

SAILINGS

S.S. HAI TAI: Haiphong & Hainow. Feb. 25
S.S. HAI KANG: Shanghai. Feb. 25

(With Passengers Accommodation)

Agents: 16, CHAMBERS ROAD, W.C. Telephone: 31618

Passenger Accommodation Acceptable

Passenger Accommodation Acceptable

Passenger Accommodation Acceptable

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

PRIVATE BUSINESS
AND TRUMAN SCHEMELondon
Stock
Exchange

London, February 22.

Fortune magazine, organ of the business community, today urged that President Truman's "bold new programme" be conducted mainly through private business channels.

"If President Truman intends to develop backward areas merely through Government loans and investments, nothing will result," it says.

There will only be greater

burden on the taxpayer and an ever-decreasing rate of capital formation per dollar taxes.

"If, on the other hand, he really means to make a new start—if he means to attack the problem of private investment abroad in a serious and economically mature manner, then he would deserve the co-operation of American business in the development of enlightened investment policies and the co-operation also of those countries that have a stake in free institutions."

"For such a programme would have many advantages all around. It would result in steady improvement in the productivity of our dependents and allies, and thus in alleviation of the dollar shortage."

"It would go a long way toward raising the world's standard of living up to our own."

New Stimulus

"It would directly and intelligently involve many American citizens in affairs of the world. It would provide a new stimulus to American productive genius."

"And what's perhaps most important of all, it would begin to break under, over and around through the increasingly constricting authority of national governments, including our own."

The rebirth of international capitalism through the medium of American business, who alone have the strength to bring about such a revolution, is the last and best visible hope of establishing a world without which world government is inconceivable."—United Press.

MAERSK LINE

Notice To Consignees

The M/V "ARNOLD MAERSK" having arrived from New York and Ports of call, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their goods are being landed and placed at their risk and expense into the Hong Kong & Kowloon Wharf & Godown Company's godowns at Kowloon, where delivery may be obtained as soon as the goods are landed.

Optional cargo will not be landed here, unless notice has been given 48 hours prior to vessel's arrival, but carried on from port to port to the final port of call to which the option extends.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all goods remaining undelivered after the 3rd March, 1949 at 10 a.m. or later will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 2nd March, 1949 at 10 a.m. or later, by our Surveyors Messrs. Goddard & Douglas.

To comply with the General Bonded Warehouse Regulations consignees must have a Revenue Officer in attendance, when damaged/dutiable goods are examined.

All claims must reach us before the 24th March, 1949 or they will not be recognized.

No insurance will be effected.

JEBSEN & CO. Agents

Hong Kong, Feb. 24, 1949

STATES MARINE LINES

FAR EAST SERVICE.

S.S. "GARDEN STATE"

Due Hongkong: 8th March, 1949

FROM:

NORFOLK, BALTIMORE AND NEW YORK

Agents:

GOURLIE & CO., (H.K.) LTD.
Union Building, Telephone: 31341

Pacific Far East Line Inc.

Fast Regular Trans-Pacific Service

OVERLAND NEW YORK-CHICAGO-DETROIT-TORONTO, MONTREAL AND ALL AMERICAN & CANADIAN CITIES

DEPART NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MARCH 10, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MARCH 24, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MARCH 24, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MARCH 28, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MARCH 28, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MARCH 31, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MARCH 31, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 3, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 3, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 6, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 6, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 9, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 9, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 12, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 12, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 15, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 15, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 18, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 18, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 21, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 21, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 24, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 24, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 27, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 27, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 30, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, APRIL 30, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 3, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 3, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 6, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 6, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 9, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 9, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 12, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 12, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 15, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 15, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 18, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 18, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 21, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 21, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 24, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 24, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 27, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 27, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 30, 1949

Dep. NEW YORK, NEW YORK, MAY 30, 1949

Arrives NEW YORK, NEW YORK, JUNE 2, 1949

THE CHINA MAIL, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1949.



ARRIVALS FROM

S.S. "MORTAIN" Europe End of March
 S.S. "CHAMPOILLION" Marseilles Mid April
 SAILING TO
 S.S. "BELAPUR" Kobe, Yokohama on or about March 2nd
 S.S. "CHAMPOILLION" Shanghai Mid April
 S.S. "CHAMPOILLION" Marseilles via Suez End of April

For Passage and Freight Apply To:-

CIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES
 Queen's Building, Tel. 26551 (three lines)

EXPRESS SERVICE TO NEW YORK
 BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA
 via PANAMA

12th Mar.
 M.V. "CITY OF ALMA" 10th April
 M.V. "ANDREW JACKSON" 28th April
 M.V. "MAIDEN CREEK" 28th April

DIRECT for New York, Baltimore and Philadelphia via Honolulu.

Accepting thru cargo for Montreal.

Limited Passenger accommodation

Tanks available for bulk oil cargoes.

For freight and further particulars apply:-

WALLEM & COMPANY

Agents.

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Bldg. Tels. 34177-9.

THE PACIFIC ORIENT EXPRESS LINE

DUE FROM U.S. PACIFIC COAST PORTS
 AND LOADING FOR SHANGHAIM.V. "PARRAMATTA" 15th Mar.
 M.V. "MONGABARKA" 9th April

For particulars please apply to:-

WALLEM AND CO.

Agents.

Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Building.

Tels. 34177-9.

THE DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

S.S. "HAIYANG"

SAILING TO SWATOW ONLY

FRIDAY 25th FEBRUARY

FROM DOUGLAS WHARF

Subject to alteration without notice.

For particulars of Freight & Passage, Please apply to:-

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & CO.

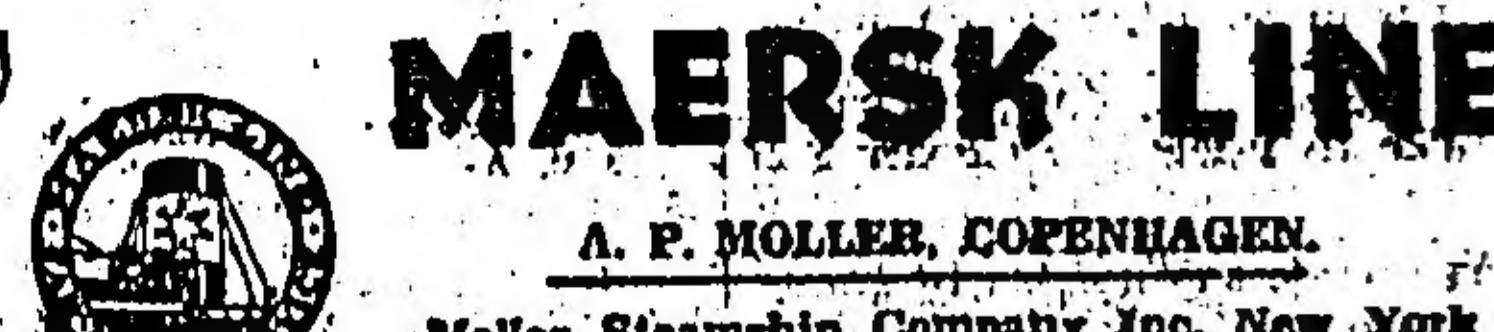
General Managers,

P. & O. Building, 5th floor. Tel. No. 31281

or

CHINESE SHIPPING DEPT.

20 Connaught Road, Central. Tel. No. 24639



A. P. MOLLE, COPENHAGEN

Moller Steamship Company Inc. New York
 General Agents in U.S.A.MONTHLY SAILINGS TO NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA,
 BALTIMORE, BOSTON VIA SAN FRANCISCO
 LOS ANGELES AND PANAMA

Accompany transhipment cargo for Caribbean and Gulf Ports

M.S. "LEISE MAERSK" In Port
 M.S. "SALLY MAERSK" March 14.
 M.S. "GRETE MAERSK" April 9.

Special Team available for the carriage of oil in tank

ARRIVALS FROM NEW YORK AND

OTHER U.S. PORTS

M.S. "ARNOLD MAERSK" In Port
 M.S. "GRETE MAERSK" March 7.
 M.S. "CHASTINE MAERSK" March 24.

For Freight and further particulars please apply to:-

JEBSEN & CO.

Agents

Tels. 34177-9.

AIR AND SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE

Shipping Arrivals

YESTERDAY

THINAN (B & B) British, 2,100 tons, ex-Swallow, J.G. Smart, Capt. W.H. PRESTON, (London) ex-UK.
 BELAWERS (London) ex-UK.
 PRESIDENT TYLER (APL) ex-Atlantic and Pacific Coast.
 TAJISH (EA) ex-Vancouver.
 TAUMAN (BIL) ex-Swallow.
 LAKELAND VICTORY (UBL) ex-San Francisco.
 LUXEMBOURG VICTORY (UBL) ex-San Francisco.

Shipping Departures

TODAY

ARGOVAN (Dowdwell) for Vancouver.
 CITY OF BANBURY (Black) for Shal.
 FLYING DIAGON (UBL) for Okinawa.
 FATHIAN (B & B) for Canton.
 HWANG-HAI (Mae Blue) for Swatow.

TODAY

CHANGTE (B & B) for Sydney.
 CLOUDE (BIL) for Liverpool.
 FLYING CLIPPER (Kaitow) for New York.

TOMORROW

HAI KENT (CORN) for Manchuria.

HAI TAI (CORN) for Hulpon.

HAIYANG (Donghai) for Swatow.

NOREVERETT (Everett) for Shanghai.

PRESIDENT TYLER (APL) for Boston.

RUYIS (BIL) for South Africa and South America.

HANGMA (Mac Mac) for Amoy.

Vessels in Port

ANAKAN (Grimble) K. Dock

BUSHWOOD (Mc Mc) K. Dock

CATHY II (Texas) T.B.W.

CECIL G. SALLACE (Mollers) A.I.S.

CHANGTE (B & B) Ymt.

CLOUDE (Hai Ichi) Ymt.

DAH CHUNG (Walle) Ymt.

EASTERN TRADER (Walle) T. Dock

FIREBIRD (Bil) S.S. P.

FOUR CHARLOTTE (NBO) K. Whr.

FUKWANG (APC) P. Oiler

HAIKANG (CMN) K. Dock

HAI LIN (Whe) P. Oiler

HAI THIN (CMN) K. Dock

HAI WONG (Larsen) K. Day

HONG SHAN (Wilfred Lee) Ymt.

INCHIAR (Williamson) Ymt.

INCHIAR (Williamson) Ymt.

JADE LEAF (Manners) Ymt.

KHAO YOUNG (Glimmer) Ymt.

LAI WOONG (Whe) Ymt.

LAI YUN (Pin Co.) Ymt.

LOUIS MOLLER (Moller) K. Dock

LUNG HEN (Ming Sung) Ymt.

MAUSANG (Jardine) All

MAYON (Jardine) K. Dock

MEDON (B & B) Holt's Wh.

MLOW LIN (Whe) K. Dock

NANCANG (B & B) T. Dock

NEW YORK (Bil) S.S. P.

NINHAI (B & B) Ymt.

PAKHOI (B & B) T. Dock

PIONEER COVE (UBL) K. Whr.

PERN (B & B) T. Dock

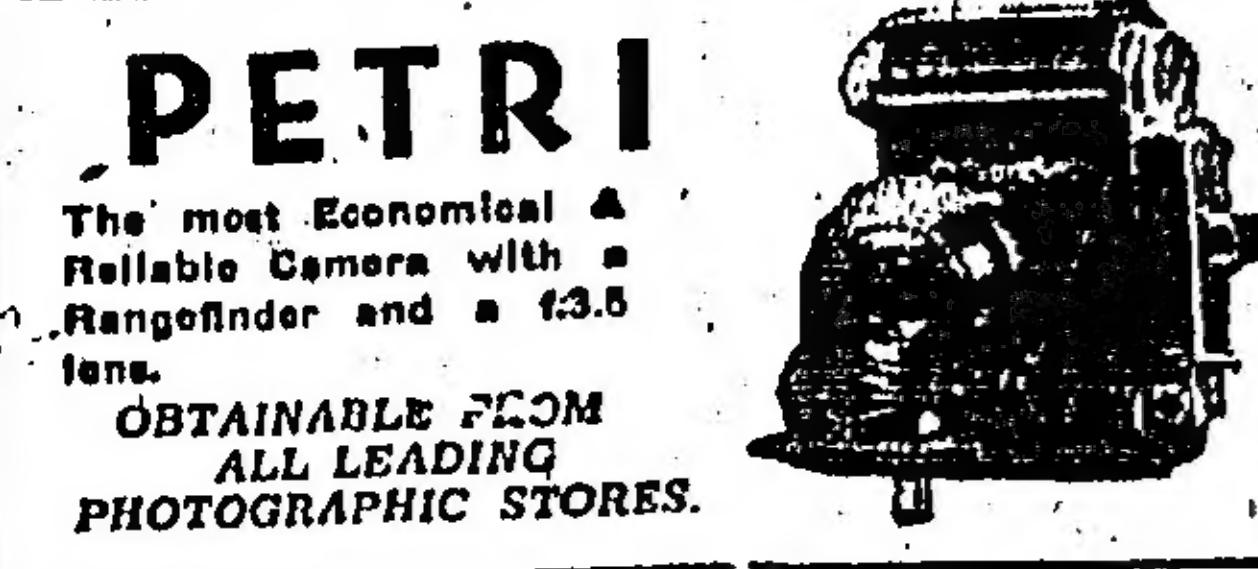
RIVERSIDE (Dowdwell) K. Dock

RUYS (UBL) T. Dock

SALY LEAF (Jardine) K. Dock

SALY MECH (APL) ex-San Pedro

SALY MELISSA (APL) ex-San Pedro



CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1949.



SIXTH ROUND CUP-TIES SOCCER HIGHLIGHT

(By 'ALCYDES')

Baker, Ip Win Tennis Encounters

Main features of yesterday's games of the Colony Lawn Tennis Singles Championship were the fine shows put up by CRC's Au Kam-moon and young Norman Lo of the University.

R. Segolen, the Cricket Club champion and one of the seeded players was given quite a scare by Au, who just managed to avert defeat when failing light intervened.

The game itself was a titanic base-line dual between two players of a practically similar style.

There was not much length or skill in the drives of both players, and as a result the game became more a test of patience and endurance, than of spectacular strokes.

Au started promisingly, taking the first three games with some well-directed, half-court cross shots. He managed to scamper home by 6-4.

He took a similar lead in the second set, but the effects of Segolen's wearing-out tactics began to show on him. Segolen forced the pace at his stage to take the next five games in a row, and the set at 6-4.

The third set had reached the score of 3-all when it was called off.

Seventeen-year-old Norman Lo put up a spectacular game, though he lost to Ip Koon-hong, the reigning China National champion by 1-6 and 4-0.

He displayed a repertoire of strokes equal in range to that of the champion, and had he been more accurate and steady, he could have given Ip a good run for his worth.

A player who is not afraid to hit really hard and come up to the not after a good-length drive, he has all the potentialities of a future champion.

Ip, on the other hand, was coolness personified. With full-length drives, and repeated cut-drops, he kept off Lo from storming the not.

Full Scores:
T.E. Baker beat E.M. Hayhurst, 6-1, 6-2.
Wong Siu-Kit beat H.K. Hamilton, 6-0, 6-0.
Au Kam-moon vs. R. Segolen, 6-4, 4-6, (unfinished).
P. Poon beat G.A. Lemay, 6-0, 6-0.
H.K. Ip beat Norman Lo, 6-1, 6-4.
Lee Yu-Wing beat G.H. Wiggleworth, 6-0, 6-0.

Singapore XV To Play Series Of Games In HK

A Singapore United Services Rugby XV is expected to arrive in the Colony at 4 p.m. tomorrow by RAF plane and will be met by representatives of the three Services.

During their stay here they will play the Club on Saturday at the Valley, while on the following Wednesday they will meet the United Services Hong Kong XV at Sookunpoo at 4 p.m.

The big game of their tour will be against the Colony side on Saturday, March 5, at the Club ground.

The side to represent the Colony was selected yesterday and the selectors appear to have produced a well balanced XV which will take much to overcome:

F. Cessford (Club), R. de Rome (Club), D. Henderson (Club), 2/Lt. Pritchett (Army), Mid-Tulip (Belfast), D. Nolan (Club), J.R. Henderson (Club), Lt. (E) McClelland (Tamar), N.I. Meffan (Club), H.M.G. Forgan (Club), 2/Lt. Poppin (Army), Cdr. English (Tamar), Captain, CPO. Tel. Slover (Black Swan), I.V. Carrel (Club) and J. Horne (Club).

Reserves: Lt. Goss (Army), P. Hudson (Club) and A.B. Mitchell (Tamar).

SCHOOL SOCCER

St. Joseph's College beat Diocesan Boys' School by three goals to one in a Senior Division School Football game at Happy Valley, yesterday.

The game was played at a fast pace throughout with Young Yuh-hong, Chan Shiu-shing, Stephen Salter, Reedman, Hunt, Jakes, Chun, A. Leonard and A. K. Ismail outstanding for the winners.

The Drafting Duty (Amendment) Ordinance, 1948, passed its first reading in Legislative Council yesterday.

The bill will legalise the introduction of draft notices in the

four Sixth Round cup-ties. The remainder of the English league clubs have a full programme except those who were to have played teams still interested in the tourney.

One cannot imagine the Wolves-West Bromwich affair being anything but a thriller. Apart from the 'Local Derby' aspect of the clash both sides are renowned cup fighters and both are at present serving up the sort of football that can only end with honours.

Inter-Services Novices Fight Card

The preliminary rounds of the Inter-Services Novices Boxing Championships were held at the Murray Barracks arena last night. The following were the results:

Middle Weight
Corporal Brice (Army) beat A.B. Corbishley (Navy); A.B. McMicken (Navy) beat A.B. Washington (Navy) and Corporal Nelson (Navy) beat Pte. Brennan (Army).

Welter Weight

Corporal Simmons (Army) beat A.B. Fieldstone (Navy); A.B. Cimino (Navy) beat A.B. Brown (Navy); L/Cpl. Atkin (Army) beat A.B. Taylor (Army); A.C. Campbell (RAF) beat Pte. Bridley (Army); Pte. Parslow (Army) beat Gnr. O'Kelly (Army); Gnr. Holmes (Army) beat A.C. Workman (RAF).

Heavy Weight

P.O. Cook Williams (Navy) beat A.B. Chisholm (Navy); A.B. Moore (Navy) beat Sgt. Richardson (Army); A.C. Bradby (RAF) beat Pte. Murphy (Army).

Bantam Weight

Pte. Kerry (Army) beat Pte. Lloyd (Army); A.B. Pritch (Navy) beat Gnr. Orooch (Army).

Light Weight

Mne. Lewis (Navy) beat Pte. Boxall (Army); Pte. Glanville (Army) beat Pte. Lung (Army).

Feather Weight

A.B. Fairhurst (Navy) beat A.B. Newbury (Navy); A.B. Moore (Navy) beat Sgt. Richardson (Army); A.C. Bradby (RAF) beat Pte. Murphy (Army).

RECREIO 1ST XI

The following have been selected to represent Club de Recreio 1st XI in a First League Cricket match against Royal Navy on Saturday, February 26, at 14.30 p.m.

A. M. Prata (Captain), P. M. N. da Silva Jr., Dr. A. M. Rodrigues, Dr. H. L. Ozorio, Dr. E. L. Gosano, A. P. Pereira Jr., G. N. Gosano, L. G. Gosano, E. M. Soares, U. A. Beltrao and E. M. L. Soares. Umpires: Mr. A. V. Gosano.

RECREIO 2ND XI

The following will represent Club de Recreio 2nd XI in a Second League Cricket match against Royal Navy on the latter's ground on Saturday, February 26, at 14.30 p.m.

A. E. Noronha (Capt.), J. L. S. Alves, L. E. Gutierrez, A. V. Lopez, A. Gunnard, D. Remedios, R. Remedios, E. M. M. Rosario, J. A. Soares, L. Vieira and C. A. Yannovich.

IRC 2ND XI

The following have been elected to represent the IRC 2nd XI in a Friendly Match with the Kowloon Cricket Club at Sookunpoo Saturday, February 26, at 14.30 p.m. sharp.

I. Ali (Capt.), A. K. Markin, F. M. el Arculli, S. Abo, M. Webb, Jr., A. R. Razek, T. A. Ibrahim, A. E. Ibrahim, F. M. Motwale, C. H. Esmail and Fazalab.

score: T.H. Barma.

YMCA HOCKEY XI

The following will represent the YMCA in their Hockey Association Fixture against Dutch Hockey Club at Sookunpoo on Sunday, February 27, at 10 a.m.

P. Ferri in the Paris Indoor doubles championships.

The score was 0-6, 6-1, 6-2.

Kurt Nielsen of Denmark won his third round men's singles match by defeating Michael Schaff, 6-4, 10-8, 6-4—United Press and Rauer.

A cabaret dance is being planned for members of the Hong Kong Volunteer Association, their wives and lady friends, at the Kowloon Cricket Club (by kind permission of the President and Committee), on March 18, at 8 p.m. The dance will be a benefit for the Honorary Secretary, Tel. 9762.

The rugby match between Club XV and Club 2nd XV at Happy Valley yesterday afternoon resulted in a win for the 2nd XV by nine points to six.

The first round of the Hong

The Wolves are at home but doubtless there will be a goodly crowd making the short journey to Wolverhampton on Saturday. I think that the home team will run out winners of a fine game.

It appears that both Derby and Portsmouth will not be at full strength this Saturday for there are reports that both sides received injuries in their previous round games.

Pompey alone had four casualties. Both teams however have capable reserves of First Division experience and the match should prove an interesting one.

It is very hard to win at Fratton Park these days but in two post-war engagements the Rams have claimed three points. If Pompey can reproduce that 'Jubilee' form against Derby then they will earn the right to contest the next round but the Rams seem to like Fratton Park and I think it will be another draw.

It is very hard to win at Fratton Park these days but in two post-war engagements the Rams have claimed three points. If Pompey can reproduce that 'Jubilee' form against Derby then they will earn the right to contest the next round but the Rams seem to like Fratton Park and I think it will be another draw.

Another close game was seen at Pokfulam where University beat the Navy by 20 runs in a game that did not produce many runs, Navy scoring 90 against the Rams' 110.

Another close game was seen at Pokfulam where University beat the Navy by 20 runs in a game that did not produce many runs, Navy scoring 90 against the Rams' 110.

Recreio had first knock against 'Optimists' and for a change both their batsmen, L.G. Gosano and A.M. Prata failed. Another of the Gosano tribe, 'G.N.' however, came to the side's rescue with an excellent 58 before falling victim to Howard who, going on last change for the visitors, took two wickets for seven runs in one ball short of two overs.

Recreio had first knock against 'Optimists' and for a change both their batsmen, L.G. Gosano and A.M. Prata failed. Another of the Gosano tribe, 'G.N.' however, came to the side's rescue with an excellent 58 before falling victim to Howard who, going on last change for the visitors, took two wickets for seven runs in one ball short of two overs.

E.M.L. Soares batted patiently for 25 while Belkrao, going in No. 10, played a valuable knock for 16 not out.

'Optimists' also started disastrously and two of their men were out before the 20 was hoisted and it was left to Franklin (53 not out), Oliver (15) and Arthy to put them within sight of victory.

If he plays, then their defence will also have their hands full. Hull did very well at Stoke but I am afraid that beating Manchester is just a little beyond their ability.

Leicester, although in the bottom half of the league, have caused some 'cup' upsets. Their achievement at Birmingham was no mean feat and they are quite capable of ousting Brentford. On form, the home team should win but for those of you who like a long shot then give the verdict to Leicester.

Here are the fixtures and forecasts for Saturday:

F.A. CUP—SIXTH ROUND
BRENTFORD v Leicester
Hull v MANCHESTER U.
Portsmouth v Derby Co.

WOLVES v West Bromwich

FIRST DIVISION

ARSENAL v Bolton

BIRMINGHAM v CHARLTON

BLACKPOOL v Preston

CHELSEA v Stoke

EVERTON v Burnley

MIDDLEBROOK v Manchester C.

Sheffield U. v ASTON VILLA

SECOND DIVISION

BLACKBURN v Tottenham

BRADFORD v Grimsby

CARDIFF v Plymouth

CHESTERFIELD v Coventry

LUTON v SHEFFIELD W.

LUTON v Notts F.C.

QUEENS PARK RANGERS v FULHAM

SOUTHAMPTON v Barnsley

ACCINGTON v Halifax

CARLISLE v GATESHEAD

CHESTER v Mansfield

CREWE v Rochdale

OLDFIELD v Wrexham

SOUTHPORT v Hartlepools

TRANMERE v Barrow

YORK C. v Darlington

THIRD DIVISION (NORTH)

ACCINGTON v Barnsley

CARLISLE v Gateshead

CHESTER v Mansfield

CREWE v Rochdale

OLDFIELD v Wrexham

SOUTHPORT v Hartlepools

TRANMERE v Barrow

YORK C. v Darlington

THIRD DIVISION (SOUTH)

ALDERSHOT v Northampton

BRIGHTON v Southend

Bristol R. v Swans

IPSWICH v BOURNEMOUTH

ORIENT v Bristol City

MILWALL v Norwich

NOTTS CO. v Watford

POR Vale v Exeter

SWINDON v Newport

TORQUAY v Reading

WALLSEND v Palace

PARIS TENNIS

Paris, February 22.

Franklin's innings was invaluable.

He brought off some very pretty shots and was over harsh on anything 'the slightest bit short of a length'. Had he received better support 'Optimists' might well have won. As it was he nearly did the trick off his own bat.

